FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—August 20

Sun Rises	5 21 A M
Sun Sets	6 44 P M
Day's Length	13 h 23 m
High Water at Southport	1 28 A M
High Water at Wilmington	2 03 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE. WEATHER BUREAU. WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 20

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 78°; 8 p. m., 74°; maximum, 80°; minimum, 73°; mean, 78°

Rainfall for the day, .20; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 2 85.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p.m. August 19th, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

A slight trough of low barometer is noted from the Ohio valley northeast, with another slight depression over the Southwest. The high barometer is moving slowly northwestward over the upper lakes. With the exception of showers in the Gulf and the Southeast Atlantic States, no rain has fallen during the day. Fair weather prevails tonight over the Central and Northwest portions, while cloudiness continues over the South and East, with rain falling over Georgia. A heavy rainfall of 1 86 inches is reported from Galveston, Tex.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Rain has fallen over all districts in the cotton belt, being heavy and excessive over the southern and eastern portions. Only very slight changes in temperature are noted. Heavy rainfalls as follows: Mississippi—Natchez, 2 50; Waynesboro, 1.74; Louisiana—Amite, 4 10; Alabama—Mobile, 3.50; Thomasville, 2.00; Fort Deposit, 1.60; Marion; 1 70. Union Springs, 1.94; Georgia—Union Point, 2 34; Fort Gaines, 1.72; Camak, 1.83; Florida—Port Eads, 1 04, Texas—Houston, 1.70; South Carolina—St. Mathews, 1.73; Florence, 1 47 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Showers; west to northwest winds.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Aug. 19.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 2.5 feet.

OUTLINES.

Secretary Sherman in his reply to Japan's last note relating to the annexation of Hawaii to the United States, reiterates the right and propriety of annexation, with assurance that the rights of Japan will be fully safe guarded. —— Business in the dry goods market continues brisk, with heavy trading in nearly all departments. —— The Argonaut, a submarine craft, was launched yesterday at Baltimore, Md. —— An unknown tramp lynched near Chicago; he had assaulted a woman. —— Harvey Deberry, colored, hanged in jail at Memphis for attempted rape. —— Albert Voiers, under sentence to be hanged next Tuesday at Fayetteville, W. Va. for murder, broke jail and escaped. —— The tug Dauntless, followed by the United States cruiser Wilmington, arrived at Savannah from Jacksonville. —— Striking coal miners marched yesterday, but were warned back by deputies; each side wanted the other to take the aggressive, but both were too wary. —— Various new appliances for fighting fires were tested yesterday at the convention of fire chiefs. —— H. R. Faller, representing the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, complained to the Governor of Virginia that the right of free speech was denied striking coal miners in Tazewell county, Va. —— Middle-of-the-road Populists of Iowa met in convention and nominated a State ticket. —— Border bandits in New Mexico killed two men; officers are in pursuit of the gang. —— A dust explosion in a glucose works, Davenport, Ia., resulted in the death of four persons; the building was wrecked. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan at 1¼ and closed offered at 1¼ per cent.; cotton quiet and steady—middling 8c; flour was quiet and firmer closing irregular—winter patents $4.75 @5 40; wheat—spot irregular, No. 2 red in store and at elevator 98¼c afloat; corn—spot quiet, No. 2 38¾ at elevator and 34¼ afloat; rosin easier—strained common to good $1.47½@1.50; spirits turpentine quiet at 28 to 28½c.

A contemporary asks, "Where is Andree?" We don't know, but the general impression seems to be that he has "gone up."

Senator Marion Butler says he needs rest. And so does the country need rest. All such bores as Butler, Watson and that kind of patriots, should subside.

One of the rare freaks in this country holds the position of Secretary of the Minnesota Board of Health. He insists that his salary shall be reduced from $3,500 to $2,500.

It is said that Count Turin owes his escape from a savage lunge of Prince Henri, to a brass button which caught the point of the foil and saved his anatomy.

West Arkansas isn't getting excited over gold in Klondike, for the inhabitants are filling in their spare time raking pearls out of the lakes, where they are said to be found by the bushel.

Kentucky doesn't propose to let Alaska monopolize all the attention and has gone on and discovered a lot of onyx quarries. Some of the hustlers are organizing onyx companies. One of the papers out there suggests that until more is known about the onyx finds people who are approached to buy stock had better say no onix, or words to that effect.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 130. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 20, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,362

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

The Kinston *Free Press* issued a ten-page illustrated industrial number this week which is a credit to Kinston and the publisher. It is cleverly compiled and handsomely gotten up, with pictures of buildings, streets, and of prominent citizens with sketches of them, and other information, showing what Kinston is, is doing, and has been doing in the way of progress.

The New Jersey man who undertook to frighten his wife by playing burglar, neglected the precaution to hide his shotgun, or pull the charge out. His wife didn't scare worth a cent, and it took him and a doctor several hours to get out all the shot she pumped into him. He will give her due notice hereafter when he feels like playing burglar.

Hon. Mr. Gladstone remarks that at least one-half of those 1,200,000,000 eggs which England gets from other countries might be laid at home if the English hen received the proper encouragement, and sagely remarks that the nearer an egg is laid to the place where it is consumed the better it will be.

The Chinamen in this country have selected a piece of grouad near Philadelphia for a cemetery. This will give the Philadelphian an opportunity to vary the monotony of life in that burg by going out and participating in the festivities of a Chinese funeral.

A wealthy West Virginia lumberman and cattle dealer met at a boarding house in Huntington a young woman and married her in half an hour. He got sorry inside of twenty-four hours and says he must have been crazy. Probably too much bug juice.

New Jersey men must be a tough lot, or New Jersey women hard to gee with, when out of 1,100 petitions filed for divorce in that State 1,000 are by wives. It may be incidentally remarked here that New Jersey is the home of "Jersey lightning."

Senator Hoar rises to remark that Secretary Sherman is the "foremost intellect" in the Republican party. But then it should be remembered that the Republican party has been afflicted with something like a dry rot for some time.

A Washington dispatch says there is nothing in the talk about Sherman's resigning, and that the President is very well satisfied with his work. It isn't his work but his talk that is bothering them.

The stock of devils must be pretty large out in Oklahoma. There is a new sect there which believes in casting out devils. A woman who recently joined it says she got rid of nine since she joined.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. L. GORE—Hoop iron.
SEACOAST ROAD—Schedule.
J. W. MURCHISON—Capitola ranges.

Base Ball at Hilton Park This Afternoon.

The O A. N. and Atlantic Coast Line ball teams will take a long farewell of each other this afternoon, after a friendly contest at Hilton, which will make one jubilant, the other sad. The game this afternoon is the third and last game for the championship of Wilmington, which was won by the Coast Line. Every one who witnessed the last two games played by these clubs can vouch, and rightly so, as to the excitement and fine playing of each team. The O. A. N. nine will go upon the field this afternoon with the strongest team they have yet exhibited, being strengthened by the addition of two of the University players, Belden and Johnson, and feel confident of victory, which the Coast Line think is only a false hope. At any rate the game will be played, and a large crowd will no doubt be present, prepared to witness nine hot innings.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculte the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

— Miss Hattie Orrell is visiting at Warsaw.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

—Members of the Legion of Honor will read with interest a telegram printed in the STAR to-day.

— Rufus Copeland Bellamy, child of Mr. and Mrs. George Bellamy, died last Monday night at 11 o'clock, after an illness of about three weeks.

— Manager Schloss, of the Opera House, has succeeded in booking the famous comic opera star DeWolf Hoffer for a date during the present theatrical season.

—Don't forget that Oriental Conclave No. 1, Heptasophs or Seven Wise Men, will run an excursion to Carolina Beach to-day, and everybody is guaranteed a good time.

— It is not yet too late for Wilmington to do something towards inaugurating merchants' excursions. Our Chamber of Commerce has many orators, but they seem to be "too full for utterance" on this question.

— The Uniform Rank Knights of Pythias, with the Second Regiment Band, will give another joint excursion to Wrightsville Beach at an early day. The first one was a great success and there are many who would like to see it repeated.

— Some of our esteemed old-gold contemporaries tell us that the value of the silver in the standard silver dollar is now 40 cents or thereabouts. But it only takes the same number of the forty-cent dollars as it does of gold dollars to pay a year's subscription to any of these old-gold papers, and the owners are mighty glad to make the trade.

NAVAL RESERVES

Held a Meeting Last Night to Talk About the Cruise—Excursion to Raise Necessary Funds.

The Naval Reserves met at their armory last night to discuss the prospects for a cruise. Mr. R. H. McKoy presided over the meeting and the secretary, Mr. J. W. Freeman, was at his post.

Naturally the cruise was the most absorbing topic. It was stated that ten men could be counted on from the Kinston Division. Newbern has not been heard from, but will doubtless send her share, and it is quite likely that the tars will start on their cruise on August 26th. The W. L. I. will be invited on the cruise as a marine guard.

The committee on excursion, Messrs. L. L. Corbett, D. D Barber and F. S. Burr, made their report. Tuesday next has been chosen as the day. The members of the Wilmington Light Infantry are asked to go down and participate in a target practice at the beach. A band of music will be in attendance and everything points to a delightful day.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—15 casks spirits turpentine, 78 bbls rosin, 21 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—28 casks spirits turpentine, 211 bbls rosin, 13 bbls tar, 1 bale cotton.

Carolina Central R. R.—15 casks spirits turpentine, 119 bbls rosin, 25 bbls tar, 5 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—75 casks spirits turpentine, 269 bbls rosin, 34 bbls tar.

Steamer Driver—20 casks spirits turpentine, 106 bbls rosin, 83 bbls tar, 2 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—72 casks spirits turpentine, 20 bbls rosin, 85 bbls tar.

Flat—15 casks spirits turpentine, 87 bbls rosin, 11 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine, 335 casks; rosin, 883 bbls; tar, 283 bbls; crude turpentine 7 bbls; cotton, 1 bale.

Horse Runs Away on Market Street.

A horse, attached to a buggy, was hitched in front of Mr. Leger Meyer's merchant tailoring establishment on Market street yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. A bicycle rider passed and the horse became frightened, broke down the post to which he was hitched and went up Market street at a great rate, dragging the post nearly to Second street. The runaway was caught at Taird street without any damage having being done. The turnout belonged to Mr. Ittner, 1702 Market street.

Mount Airy Excursionists.

The Mount Airy excursionists were "on the ground" early yesterday and kept a sharp lookout for anything that was likely to furnish them amusement or pleasure. They were taken to Southport on the steamer *Wilmington*, and returning stopped at Carolina Beach. To-day they will visit Wrightsville Beach, and leave on the return home at 7 o'clock to-night.

More Excursions.

An excursion is expected to-day from Clio over the Atlantic Coast Line. The train will arrive between ten and eleven o'clock.

The steamer *A. P. Hurt* will bring an excursion from Fayetteville on August 30th.

Reduced Rates to G. A. R. Encampment, Buffalo, N. Y.

On account of the Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Buffalo, N. Y., the Atlantic Coast Line offers a round trip rate of $33.15. Tickets sold Aug. 20, 21, 22. Final limit to return Sept. 1, except in case of application, when limit will be exteaded to Sept. 20.

A Card.

We use this method to inform the public that our Photographs do not fade as claimed by our competitors. We guarantee them to be as permanent as any made, the quality being the same and the likeness better, as our experience is not limited. The cabinet photographs we will continue to make for $1.25 per dozen; the smaller ones 35 cents per dozen.

The new Gallery, 116 Market street, over Sneed's furniture store. †

THE ORPHANS' OUTING.

Children Entertained Yesterday by the Odd Fellows—Reception in the Evening by Daughters of Rebekah—Song by the Children.

The children of the Odd Fellows Orphan Home concluded their outing trip yesterday, and will return to Goldsboro this morning on the 8 35 o'clock Atlantic Coast Line train. All yesterday was spent by the children in the city, they being entertained and shown around by the Odd Fellows, whose noble work in this behalf is highly commendable, and they can rest assured that each one holds a tender spot in the hearts of every one of the little orphans, whom they have done so much to make happy and given a taste of a few of the good things of this life.

Last night at the hall of Hanover Lodge No. 145, on Front street, the members of Letitia Lodge No. 48, Daughters of Rebekah, tendered the children a reception, coupled with a unique and instructive entertainment, under the direction of Mr. E. V. Richards, a member of Wilmington Lodge No. 189, and Mr. W. A. McGowan.

The evening's enjoyment opened with a neat speech of welcome by Mr. Marcus W. Jacobi, chairman of the general committee of arrangements. Edison's two wonderful inventions, the projectoscope and graphophone, then held sway for about forty minutes, Mr. Richards manipulating the first mentioned machine and Mr. McGowan attending to the latter and explaining the different animated views as they were displayed upon a large screen. This portion of the entertainment was a decided success and called forth laughter and the most enthusiastic applause from the children, and the large number of visitors, both ladies and gentlemen, who had gathered to be with the children. Among the pictures shown were the following: The May Irving Kiss, scene taken from the comedy, "The Widow Jones"; the run of the famous Lehigh Valley Express; Battery A, Light Artillery, as seen on Pennsylvania Avenue on inauguration day; Watermelon Contest; Going to the Fire; the Lone Fisherman, and others.

A few of the many and enjoyable selections rendered by the graphophones were "Rastus on Parade," "Hepaway March," as played by Gilmore's band, George Wilson's popular song "I Thought I Was a Winner," as played by the Colonial Orchestra; the "Columbian Exposition March," and "Dixie."

After these pleasing features the children gathered together and sang the following song, which is their own composition:

PUSH THEM CLOUDS AWAY.

If you want to go to the ocean on Harper's boat,
Just push them clouds away,
Get your baggage and check it to the Beach,
And push them clouds away.

Chorus:
Just push, don't shove!
Just push them clouds away;
Keep pushing and shoving, pushing and shoving,
And push them clouds away.

There will be no dudes puffing cigarettes
When you push them clouds away,
They will all be gone, those manish little pets,
When you push them clouds away.

If you want some fun when August comes
Just push them clouds away,
If you want a beef-steak just ask Uncle Jake,
And push them clouds away.

If he is not there you must not stop
To push them clouds away,
But go and look for Uncle Billy Yopp,
To push them clouds away.

The members of Letitia Lodge then served ice cream, cake, and in fact everything nice to their guests.

During this period Capt. Jas. M. McGowan (termed by the children "Uncle Jim") walked to the middle of the floor loaded with a full base ball outfit, consisting of mask, ball, bat and mitt, and a handsome croquet set, and Mr. Jacobi then, on behalf of a number of the Odd Fellows, presented these articles of pleasure to the children. In a well delivered speech A. J. Marshall, Esq, on behalf of the children, accepted the gifts, and also thanked the Odd Fellows for the pleasant outing and the many courtesies and kindness shown them.

The enjoyment of the evening was kept up until about 11 o'clock, when good-byes were bidden and adieus said.

Funeral of the Late Mrs. W. J. Toomer.

The remains of the lamented Mrs. W. J. Toomer, whose death was announced in the STAR, reached here from Baltimore via Atlantic Coast Line at 9.30 a. m. yesterday and were taken to her late residence on South Front street, where many relatives and friends called during the day to tender their sympathies to the stricken family.

At 5 o'clock p. m. the funeral services were held at Fifth Street Methodist church, of which deceased had been a devoted and consistent member, and were largely attended. The services were conducted by the Pastor, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, assisted by Rev. R. C. Beaman, Presiding Elder, and were very touching and impressive.

An especially noticeable feature of the exercises was a hymn rendered by a quartet, consisting of Messrs. A. S Holden, H. K. Holden, Jas. C. Smith and R. F. Fowler, with Mr. Ed. Munson as accompanist.

After the services at the church were concluded the funeral cortege moved slowly to Oakdale cemetery, where the remains were laid to rest under a profusion of flowers arranged in beautiful and appropriate designs.

The pall bearers were: Honorary, Col. Roger Moore and Mr. J. W. Norwood; active, Messrs. Jno. J. Fowler, Jno. H. Beery, Jno. J. LeGwin, Gabriel Holmes, C. C. Brown and W. P. Price.

— Don't forget that the Coast Line ball team's colors are black and orange, while the O. A. N. sports red and blue.

THE MURDER OF BLACKWELL.

Purvis, the Negro Tramp, Committed to Jail for Trial at the Next Term of Harnett Court.

In Dunn yesterday morning Ed Purvis, the negro tramp who is supposed to have murdered Flagman James Blackwell last Saturday night, was placed on trial, but waived an examination and was bound over to the next term of Harnett county Superior Court, which meets the first Monday in next month. Purvis was sent back to Fayetteville and placed in jail to await trial. Nero, the white tramp who is the State's most material witness, is also being held in custody to await the trial. The State's leading counsel, who appeared at the investigation yesterday, was Geo. M. Rose, Esq, of Fayetteville.

In this connection, due credit should be given the Atlantic Coast Line for the promptness with which it began efforts to apprehend the murderer of Mr. Blackwell. All its resources, including a reward of $250, were drawn on for the apprehension of the assassin, and General Manager Kenly and many of his subordinates have been unremitting in their efforts to accomplish that purpose. This action of the Coast Line is characteristic of its management, which is always ready to protect its employes however humble the positions they may occupy.

The coil of circumstantial evidence against Purvis seems to be tightening, as the following clipping from the Fayettevill *Observer* of Wednesday afternoon will show, viz:

Sunday afternoon, Mr. J. L. Graddy was on his farm, near the A. C. L. bridge which crosses the Cape Fear, when two tramps, one a bright mulatto and the other black, approached him and asked him for a watermelon. He told them to go up to his house and tell one of the boys to give them one.

The mulatto then asked Mr. Graddy if he had heard anything of the shooting affair near Dunn Saturday night. He replied that he had, and from the number of questions the fellow asked, he became suspicious of him, especially as the man was wringing wet, evidently having recently swam the river.

Mr. Graddy had just directed the men to his house, when a train was seen coming towards them and then both men fled, taking opposite directions. (This was the train with the posse and bloodhounds from Florence, which had been searching for the murderer.)

Mr. Graddy hastened into town and notified the authorities that he had seen what he suspected was the murderer of flagman Blackwell. A number of men were immediately sent in search, but the men could not be found. This morning Mr. Graddy went into the jail to see if the man held there was the one he had seen. As he approached the big cage in which the cells are, the prisoners were bunched in the corridor, and Mr. Graddy, peeping through the steel bars, at once picked out Purvis as the man with whom he had talked Sunday afternoon. He is positive of the identification.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Boston, 16; Pittsburg, 1.
Brooklyn, 13; St. Louis, 5.
Cincinnati, 4; Philadelphia, 3.
Cleveland, 3; Baltimore, 0.
New York, 1; Louisville, 0.
Chicago, 10, Washington, 4.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO DAY.

Pittsburg at Boston.
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
Cleveland at Baltimore.
Chicago at Washington.
Louisville at New York.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Boston	67	31	.683
Baltimore	63	31	.670
Cincinnati	60	33	.653
New York	58	36	.617
Cleveland	51	44	.536
Chicago	48	51	.484
Pittsburg	43	52	.453
Louisville	43	56	.434
Philadelphia	42	57	.424
Brooklyn	39	57	.406
Washington	38	58	.395
St. Louis	26	78	.362

The Orioles lost their grip completely yesterday, and were kindly treated to their only shut-out this season by the Pirates.

Sixteen to one was not only a lucky victory for the Beaneaters, but was a wave of prosperity as the attendance numbered 4,000. Nichols was right side up, but poor Hanby was not.

The Giants had a time pulling victory away from the Colonels, and only on account of the perfect pitching of "Dad" Clark, one of New York's released players. Only three hits were made off Meekin.

Cincinnati's field work was responsible for victory yesterday.

The following will be the line up, viz:

Coast Line—Gwaltney (Billy), c; Taylor (Chas.), p; Sinclair, 1st b; Galloway, 2nd b; Schutte, 3rd b; Gore (Jno.), s s; Genaust, l f; Taylor (W. R—captain), c f; Motte, r f.

O. A. N.—Zellers, c; Sweeney, p; Orrell, 1st b; Belden, 2nd b; Johnson, 3rd b; Hatch, s s; Stevenson, l f; Jackson, c f; James, r f.

It will be noted that Gwaltney and Taylor, the battery for the Coast Line, are new-comers in these diggings. Both are Wake Forest College players and have a State reputation. They were obtained through the efforts of Manager Thos. W. Davis and Assistant Manager Champ McD. Davis. That reliable umpire, Mr. W. F. Robertson, will see that both clubs get fair play. The battle will be commenced at 4.30 o'clock. Admission twenty-five cents, but ladies will be admitted free of charge.

Rent May be Higher.

It is not desired to make it worse for the rent payer, but a little incident may be cited to show that there is a possibility of houses and stores renting higher than heretofore. A small business house in the southern part of the city has been renting for $30.00 a month. Its owner has recently had an offer of $35.00 per month, an advance of 20 per cent.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. I. B. Tucker, of Fair Bluff, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Stephen B. Williams left for Abbertsville, S. C., yesterday.

— Mr. W. H. French, of Rocky Point, was in the city yesterday.

— Sheriff Walker and daughter, of Town Creek, were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Willie Walker, of Town Creek, was among the arrivals yesterday.

— Mr. M. F. Croom has gone to Marlin, Texas, on a visit of four or five weeks.

— Mr. E. W. Summersell, of Jacksonville, was observed on our streets yesterday.

— Mr. John L. Currie and wife, of Carthage, were among yesterday's arrivals in the city.

— Mr. W. B. Cooper left yesterday for Mullins, S. C., where he will spend several days.

— Messrs. T. A. Norment, R. D. Caldwell and L. H. Caldwell, of Lumberton, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mrs. Eliza Huhd, of Washington, D. C., arrived in the city yesterday on a visit to her brother, Mr. J. H. W. Bonitz.

— Mrs. M. C. Williams and daughters Misses Edna and Robie, left for Western North Carolina, to be gone several weeks.

— Mr. Joseph H. McRee returned yesterday from Elrod, where he has been to locate the route for the new A. C. L. connection.

— Rev. W. B. Oliver, pastor of the First Baptist church, returned yesterday evening after a six weeks' vacation at Drake's Branch, Charlotte county, Va.

— Mr. J. D. Laugenour and wife, of Salem, and Mrs. E. C. Laugenour and daughter, Miss Emma, of California, have gone to Carolina Beach to spend several days.

— Mrs. Dr. W. B. Pritchard, of New York, arrived in the city last evening, on her way to visit her mother on Wrightsville Sound. She has been spending some time at Faisons.

— Among the arrivals in the city yesterday were W. H. Carter, Wallace; M. W. Teachey, Teacheys; D. G. Pickard, Fayetteville; B. L Wedenfeller, Charlotte; C. Cheek, Durham; G. S. Godfrey, Liverpool.

— Charlotte *News*: Miss Cameron and Miss Pauline Cameron, of Lake Waccamaw, and Mrs. N. H. Quince and children, Miss Pritchett, Miss Cotchett, Miss Nellie Cotchett and Miss Martin, of Wilmington, spent last night at the Central and left this morning for the Western part of the State.

W. L. I. shoot.

The following is the score of the second shoot of the series of three which are being held by the Wilmington Light Infantry to ascertain the marksmen best qualified to constitute a team, viz:

Boatwright	4	4	5	4	4—21
Willard	3	5	5	5	3—21
Gore	3	4	5	4	4—20
Gillican	4	5	3	4	4—20
Forshee	3	3	3	3	3—15
Nash	2	3	3	4	3—14

The shoot was held at Hilton range, every contestant being allowed five shots at the target, with a possibility of scoring twenty-five points. The average yesterday was 18½. The third and last shoot takes place next Thursday afternoon.

CRIBS PILED WITH CORN,

Nebraska's Corn Crop May Reach 400,000,000 If Good Weather Continues Long.

CHICAGO, August 18.—Officials of the Burlington Road say that with good weather for ten days the corn crop of Nebraska will aggregate 350,000,000 bushels, and that if good weather continues until the middle of September the yield will be more nearly 400,000,000 bushels.

Nearly every crib at railroad stations, it is said, is filled with last year's corn.

The wheat crop of the State is estimated at 40,000,000 bushels.

Distances.

Southport *Standard*: Through the kindness of Mr. Loder, of the Engineer's Office, we produce a list of the distances from Wilmington to several important points on the river, as follows:

	Miles.
From Market Dock in Wilmington to dram tree	2.29
Wilmington to Orton	12.88
Wilmington to Old Brunswick	14.06
Wilmington to Southport	24.32
Wilmington to Fort Caswell	25.98
Wilmington to Bar	29.43
From the Bar to Lightship	23.95
Statute miles.	

CONDITION OF RICE.

Georgia Makes a Better Showing Than Any Other State.

The United States Department of Agriculture, in its crop report for August, gives the following conditions of the rice crop: "In Louisiana the condition during the month of July fell from 95 to 84, that of North Carolina from 98 to 88, of South Carolina from 92 to 77, and of Georgia from 98 to 92."

Drought in the non-irrigating regions, cutworms and chinch bugs are given as the cause of the serious decline in Louisiana. In South Carolina there was some damage from caterpillars reported.

A. AND M. COLLEGE.

Contract Awarded for Steam Heating Plant—Gen. L. Morton Commissioned Commander Naval Reserves.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 19.—Hughes & Young get the contract for equipping the A. and M. College with a steam heating plant at $1,100 dollars.

The Governor has issued a commission to Geo. L. Morton as commander of the Naval Battalion.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

THE CAROLINA WINS.

Mr. Pembroke Jones' Boat a Winner in a Close Contest

[*New York Journal*]

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 17.—The Carolina won her first race off this port today in a race of thirty footers in a reefing breeze, but she was pressed closely by the Dorothy II, sailed by Harry Payne Whitney. The race was over a triangular course, the start being made at 3.30. The Wa-Wa led the fleet for the first round, but in the windward work before the reach home she was outfooted by the Carolina and Dorothy. Miss Stillman and Reginald Brooks were on the Wa-Wa, R. H. Van Cortlandt on the Veda, and Foxhall Keene on the Dorothy. Official time:

Boat.	Owner	Elapsed Time.
Carolina	P. Jones	1 43 20
Dorothy II	H. P. Whitney	1 43 52
Wa-Wa	J. A. Stillman	1 44 13
Hera	R. N. Ellis	1 44 33
Veda	C. Vanderbilt, Jr.	1 50 30

Southport Gun Club.

The Southport Gun Club had their second practice last Tuesday afternoon. The *Standard* says: The score stood: Richard Dosher, 18; J. C. Loder, 13; P. C. Tharp, 15; Percy Canady, 18. Twenty-five rounds fired by each member.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wanted.

BY A LARGE NATURAL PREMIUM LIFE Insurance Company, a GENERAL AGENT FOR WILMINGTON and vicinity. Must be a local man and able to give bond. Also Manager wanted for the State of North Carolina. Liberal contract to suitable party. Address 309 Broadway, New York. au 15 1w

Hoop Iron.

Three car loads Hoop Iron, 1,000 Spirit Casks, 50 barrels Glue; also Jute Bagging, Cotton Ties, Meat, Molasses, Tobacco, Drugs, Oats, Corn, Meal, Cigars, Cigarettes, Cheroots, Snuff of almost all makes, and many other goods.

D. L. GORE,
au 15 tf 120, 122 and 124 North Water St.

At the Unlucky Corner

Glass Dippers.

No danger of breaking. You can drive a nail with them.

Door Mats,

A nice line, quality extra good. Price reasonable.

Canned Pigs Feet and Roast Beef, just the thing you can appreciate this hot spell.

As usual a plenty of fine Lemons.

S. W. Sanders.
Telephone No. 109. au 19 tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1st TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m. 2.30 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 7.15 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 3.45 p. m., 6.00 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 10.10 a. m., 2.30 p. m. and 7.30 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 11.30 a. m., 6.00 p. m. and 9.30 p. m.

SATURDAY SPECIAL.

Leave Wilmington at 1.00 p m, arrive at Ocean View at 1.35 p m.
Leave Ocean View at 1.45 p m, arrive at Wilmington at 2.15 p m.
This train stops only at Wrightsville, Seashore Hotel and Ocean View. je 20 tf

Special Bargains

—IN—

TOBACCO and CIGARS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
12 Market Street,
au 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Commissioner's Sale.

Mary Swain et al.
vs.
Antonio Swain et al.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court in the above entitled cause to me directed, the undersigned Commissioner will expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, on Tuesday, the 7th day of September, at 12 o'clock M., in front of the Court House, in the city of Wilmington, N. C., the following described lot of Land: That lot in said city, beginning at a point in the western line of Fifth street 66 feet north of the northern line of Bladen street, runs thence northwardly with the said line of Fifth street 66 feet, thence westward y parallel with Bladen street 165 feet, thence south parallel with Sixth street 66 feet, thence east 165 feet to the beginning. JAS. W. SNEEDEN,
au 15 30c Commissioner.

NEW MULLETS.

200 BARRELS NEW MULLETS.
790 BAGS SALT.
450 BAGS CORN.
340 BALES HAY.
159 CREAM CHEESE.
340 KEGS NAILS.

W. B. COOPER.
au 15 DAW tf Wilmington, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS!

J. W. Murchison,

Wholesale and Retail Hardware Dealer.

AGENT FOR

Laflin & Rand Powder,

Howe Scales, Richmond Stoves and

CAPITOLA

THE VERY BEST QUALITY.

THE VERY LATEST DESIGN.

Steel Ranges.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.
au 15 tf

We Have Other Goods

to offer besides

"Clover Hill Butter."

Read our list and find out.

100 Boxes Full Cream Cheese,

Candles, Gun Caps. Drugs of all kinds.

Flour all grades, including Pillsbury's Best, which is the Flour for good bread.

Fish, Fresh N. C. Fruits, Glue, Potted Ham, Cooked Ham.

Car load choice Timothy Hay.

Ink to suit all.

Jellies in Glass and in Wood.

R. W. HICKS,
Wholesale Grocer.
au 14 D&W tf

We Are the People Here.

TELL THEM THAT

YOU SAW US,

and we are from now on the

Exclusive Wholesale Agents

for Powell Smith & Co.'s New York famous brands of Cigars.

"Renown," 5 cent Cigar.
"Cuban Blossom," 5 cent Cigar.
"Smokettes," 5 cent Cigar.
"Topical Twist Head," 5 cent Cigar.
"Union League Club," 10 cent Cigar.
"El. Capt. Gen'l," 10 cent Cigar.

Vollers & Hashagen,
Wilmington, N. C.
au 15 tf

Even the KIDS are working hard to get the HANDSOME WATCH which it is certain will be GIVEN AWAY on October 1st, 1897, at 10 a. m. by

MERCER & EVANS,
115 Princess Street,
Where good cheap SHOES may be had at all times. au 14 tf

MONEY SAVED.

CASH BUYERS OF

Corn, Oats, Wheat Bran, Cracked Corn, Cow Feed, &c.,

should not fail to get our prices before placing their orders.

Boney & Harper.
au 15 tf

CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT

SCHEDULE.

Leave for Southport at 9.30 a. m.
Leave for Carolina Beach at 6.00 and 9.30 a. m.; 3.00 and 5.15 p. m.
Leave Southport at 12.30 p. m.
Leave Beach at 7 00 a. m., 1.15, 3.45 and 6 p. m
Fare on 5.15 Boat to pier and return 15 cents.
Leave Sunday for Carolina Beach only at 10 a. m. and 2.30 p. m.
Leave Beach at 12.30 and 6 p. m.
The Yacht Undine connects with the 3 o'clock Boat at the Pier for Southport.
jy 7 tf

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 20, 1897

BASED ON ASSUMPTION.

The Philadelphia *Record* is one of the uncompromising gold organs. It couldn't stand Bryan and free silver and therefore bolted the Chicago nominees and platform and threw its influence for McKinley. It got what it worked for and a little more, for it got the Dingley tariff and the bimetallic commission, the first of which it thinks monstrous and the other a farce. In commenting recently upon something Senator Teller said it speaks as follows:

"Senator Teller ascribes to the McKinley Administration the malign intent to retire the greenbacks, to systematize and extend the national banking system, and to make all debts payable in gold. There is nothing very alarming in this programme. Practically, all debts are now payable in gold. Gold redemption has been specially secured for the greenbacks since 1879, the national bank notes have a gold equivalent behind them in the provision made by the law for their redemption, and the faith of the Government is pledged to maintain the parity between gold and silver dollars and silver certificates. To retire the greenbacks, extend the national banking system and throw upon the banks, under proper Federal regulation, the onus of maintaining gold payments would be a vast relief to the Treasury and a salutary change for the better. By restricting the issue of small notes and making silver a limited legal tender it would be possible to keep in circulation the present volume of silver coin and certificates. It is too late for Senator Teller, or any other Cheap Money alarmist, to succeed in frightening anybody by the declaration that the good faith of the nation is to be preserved and that debts will continue to be payable in sound money.

"Unluckily, whatever may be the purpose of the Administration with reference to the currency, there does not appear to be any ground for hope that it will be enabled to carry the Republican party along with it. The greenback delusion will hardly die out of the public mind during the lives of the present generation. Senator Teller may rest content that Government issues of legal tender notes and Government speculations in the purchase of silver bullion and the piling up of uncirculable silver dollars will continue to disturb the finances and unsettle the business of the country for years after his bones shall have been laid away to moulder beneath the soil of the Colorado hills."

The first paragraph in this is based on assumption entirely and is substantially a misstatement of fact. There isn't a scintilla of truth in the assertion that "practically all debts are payable in gold," for practically nine tenths of the debts are paid in the current funds of the country. Greenbacks are legal tender and will pay any debt due by one citizen to another. Silver dollars are a legal tender and will do the same thing. The inland commerce of the country, which is sixty times as great as our foreign commerce, is conducted with the ordinary currency of the country, which pays for things bought and sold, and discharges the debts which our people daily contract in their deailings with each other. When we come down to the actual practice in carrying on trade and paying debts gold isn't in it. But more than that, greenbacks and silver dollars will pay any debt the citizen owes to the Government, will pay custom duties and internal revenue duties, and the Government in turn pays its debts to home creditors with these greenbacks and silver dollars, and pays them out at the rate of $500,000,000 a year. And the Government is required by law to pay out these greenbacks when they come into the Treasury, and does it. Here we have the people paying their debts with greenbacks and silver, and we have the Government doing the same thing, and yet we are told that all debts are "practically payable in gold."

The only debts which are paid in gold, save the interest on United States bonds, are the debts which are made payable in gold by contract, under the provision in the Bland-Allison act, which authorized these special contracts. When a man expects payment in gold he must so stipulate, and the person with whom he deals must agree to pay in gold. If all debts were payable in gold, where would be the necessity for any such special provision?

But the assertion isn't made upon any language of the law, it is simply an assumption based upon the declaration in the Sherman act that it was the policy of the Government to maintain the parity between its different kinds of money—not between gold and silver, as alleged in the editorial which we quote, but between its different kinds of money. How was that parity to be maintained? The Sherman act never contemplated that the Government would redeem greenbacks and silver certificates with gold, although John Sherman did establish a gold reserve, on his own arbitrary motion, and did redeem greenbacks with gold in the face of the almost unanimous declaration of Congress that every debt due by the Government of the United States was payable in standard silver dollars.

There was no question as to what that meant until the Sherman act delivered its utterance on maintaining the parity between its different kinds of money which Secretary Foster arbitrarily construed to mean that the Government must pay gold when gold was demanded and so instructed the sub-treasurers. That is all the authority there is for paying gold instead of coin, or of depriving the Treasury of the United States of the right of exercising the option vested in it by the specie resumption (not "gold" resumption) act of redeeming Government notes in "coin." Until Secretary Foster made that ruling no man in the United States believed that coin meant gold and gold only, for up to that time coin was universally held to mean both gold and silver. But this arbitrary ruling of Secretary Foster, although it has been adhered to by succeeding Secretaries of the Treasury, because Secretary Carlisle was afraid to depart from it and the present Secretary doesn't care to, had no effect whatever on the liquidation of debts, between citizens, who continued to pay in legal tender money just as they had been previously doing. It only affected the Treasury of the United Statel in dealing with its note holders and bond holders.

The United States Treasury has never yet redeemed and never will, unless the gold men get a much tighter grip on it than they have, redeem silver dollars with gold. Secretary Carlisle was once quoted as saying that he would do that if it should be necessary to maintain the party, but that was one of his wild utterances, that would be absolutely impracticable if it had been undertaken.

Judging from the second paragraph, the *Record* does not attach much importance to the Indianapolis movement to retire the greenbacks and silver certificates, which suggests the inquiry, what is the use of the Indianapolis gold worshippers fooling their time away on the hopeless effort? The greenback and the silver certificate are here to stay and they might as well come to that conclusion and turn their attention to reforming the currency in some other more practicable direction.

MINOR MENTION.

The London *Financial Chronicle* has been lately discoursing on the effect the famine in India had as an eye-opener to the people of that country on the value of silver. We find the following, from the *Chronicle*, in a gold organ which presents it as an object lesson, with some characteristic comment from a gold standard standpoint:

"The late plague did more to remove the hallucination in India with reference to silver than any previous event has done. When the people, in their want, weighed down by famine and sickness, brought their silver trinkets for sale, they were startled to find how little they received for them. It has been stated that this revelation was one, and not the least, among the many influences which have caused the unrest that is now so prominent a feature among the people of India. Whether that be true or not India will not always remain in ignorance."

There is nothing in all this to excite sympathy in the breast of the gold-worshipper, who is rather disposed to take some satisfaction in the thought that the deluded natives of India were cured of their hallucination for silver by even as fearful a process as "famine and sickness." They brought their silver trinkets in to sell them to buy food and medicine, and were horrified to find how little they could get for them. The inference is that they did without the food and medicine unless it was contributed by charity. Then these afflicted people were shockingly awakened, not only to the comparative worthlessness of their silver, but to the cruel, heartless game that had been played upon them by the gold powers of England which had so succeeded in degrading the metal which had for ages been the principal money of the 300,000,000 of people who live in that country. It is intimated in this extract that this may be one of the causes of the unrest that now pervades India, resulting in widespread uprisings in the mountainous regions, and possibly it is. If so it would be a just retribution; but unfortunately it is not the gold conspirators who suffer, for they are in the safe distance, while poor devils who wear soldiers' clothes and receive a few dollars a month have to go to the front and meet the shock of battle.

* * *

There hasn't been much of a boom in the woollen manufacturing business yet, although prices for woollen goods have advanced, but the shoddy manufacturing business is booming. Shoddy is a sort of distant relation of wool, frequently posing as a member of the wool family, and always comes in prancing and rejoicing when any special legislative favors are shown to wool, because it knows that it will reap more benefit from these favors than wool will. That's the case now since the Dingley bill has passed and wool has gone back upon the dutiable list. The shoddy mills are rushing, some of them working day and night. The Fall and Winter are approaching, when heavier clothing will be in order, and they are getting ready for it. With the increased price of woollen goods there will, of course be an increased consumption and demand for the cheaper kinds, which will be within range of the ordinary purse, and this is where shoddy comes in. It imitates wool so successfully that the inexperienced person cannot tell the difference, and buys shoddy thinking it is wool. The discovery of the error is made the first time the wearer is caught out in a shower of rain. Honest dealers, who have not been imposed upon themselves, sell this stuff for shoddy, for what it is; but even honest dealers cannot always tell, for they have got the art of manufacturing shoddy down so fine that it takes an expert sometimes to tell the difference between shoddy cloth and genuine wool cloth. Judging from the way the shoddy mills are hustling and turning out stuff now the probabilities are that there will be more shoddy manufactured and sold this year, and for the next four years, than there will be of wool. Wool-protection is a good thing—for shoddy.

* * *

We are not so narrow-minded that we will not recognize the fact that a protective tariff does bring prosperity sometimes. It is true that just now the wheat crop and other crops of the farmer have given prosperity a boost, with which the protective tariff has nothing to do; but it comes in all the same. Look, for instance, at the Sugar Trust. Before the Dingley tariff passed that poor, struggling and almost impoverished concern couldn't make dividends of more than fifteen or twenty per cent., but right after that bill was a dead sure thing and the Trust was sure it would be taken care of it sent abroad and bought raw sugar enough to last a whole year; and had it brought to this country and safely housed before the new duties could reach it, and then as soon as the bill passed it began to raise on the price of sugar, a little at a time so as not to attract too much attention. A couple weeks ago it put sugar up 1-16 of a cent a pound; the other day it put on another 1-16. That means to the Trust an aggregate gain of $2,500,000 in the year's consumption or $5,000,000 so far, which the Trust regards as a striking evidence of the return of prosperity for which it is wholly indebted to the gentlemen who fixed up the Dingley bill and didn't forget the Trust. But that is only one of the Trusts which have been provided for. They are all in it more or less.

The horse-man of the State of Washington is rejoicing in the Klondike gold rush. The horses he a short while ago sold at from 50 cents to $2.50 a head, he now gets from $25 to $65 for, for pack horses through the passes.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— England, although she went on the gold basis eighty-one years ago, still circulates $100,000,000 of silver money, at the ratio of 15 to 1, with legal tender for all sums not exceeding $50.—*Norfolk Pilot, Dem.*

—— When over 91 per cent. of the goods sent abroad by American producers are carried in foreign ships, under foreign flags, most people will need no diagram to convince them that as a marine policy the home market idea is not working well outside of Ohio waters.—*New York World, Dem.*

—— There seems to be a great of commotion among persons who expect to go to the Klondike over the fact that the Canadian government insists on retaining each alternate mining claim, and also collecting heavy royalties on the gold it permits miners to dig. Canada's action should occasion no surprise, for neither John Bull nor his dependencies ever failed to claim all the gold in sight. *New York Herald, Ind.*

—— In 1870 when the population of this country was 38,500,000 the number of farm laborers was 2,135,000. In 1880 when the population was 50,000,000, the farm laborers numbered 2,308,000. In 1890, when the population was 62,600,000 the number of farm laborers was only 2,516,000. In 1870 the per cent of farm laborers to all employed men was 21.07; in 1880 it was 16.58; in 1890 it was 13 66. While the population of the country has more than doubled in the past forty years the number of farm laborers is very little larger now than it was then. There are many more farms now than there were then, and millions more acres are cultivated. Machinery now does the work of men.—*Knoxville Tribune Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— The Able Editor (ironically) — "Is this poetry?"

Contributor—"Didn't I begin each line with a capital letter?"—*Twinkles.*

— "I wonder if Adam could have had any poetic talents?"

"Of course not. Poets are born, not made."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— "My wife will be the first Klondike widow."

"Why? Are you going?"

"No; but I am being talked to death by men who want to borrow money to get there."

— The pursuit of the devil fish is one of the most exciting sports of the South, and those who have taken part in it say they have caught it all but the fish.—*Boston Transcript.*

— "I have made all the arrangements for your divorce," said the lawyer. 'Shall I secure it at once?"

"No," replied the sensational actress, after some reflection. "My press agent is on his vacation."—*Washington Star.*

— "Two hours of sleep before midnight is better than four after that hour."

"Fiddlesticks! Two hours' sleep after one is called in the morning is better than all the others.—*Judy.*

— Would-be Poet—"What's the best time to write poetry?"

Has-been Poet—"Just after you secure a situation from which you get enough salary to live comfortably."—*Puck.*

— "O yes," said Scraggs, "I ride a wheel off and on."

"That's the way with me," remarked the beginner; 'sometimes I'm on, sometimes I'm off."—*Philadelphia North American.*

—Ups and Downs: "I fear," said the tutor, "that you are not up on mathematics."

"No," candidly confessed the scion of a plutocratic house. "I am down on 'em."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Bishop Goodfellow—"So you think John Gotrox's will is a masterpiece of local ingenuity and acumen, do you?"

Judge Sharply—"Sir, I drew it; and I will stake my reputation upon that will's lasting in the courts as long as the property does."—*Judge.*

Economy and strength are combined in Hood's Sarsaparilla. Every bottle contains 100 doses and will average to last a month. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Greensboro *Patriot*: J. C. Burton, of Jamestown, is the possessor of the latest freak produced in the county, a litter of tailless kittens. Some time ago he was surprised to find a litter of kittens on his place that had very short stump tails, but this last litter has absolutely no sign of the usual feline appendage.

— Raleigh *Press Visitor*: The official reports of the labor bureau show 200 cotton, woollen and silk mills in the State. Reports from eight of these are not in, but the other 212 show 981,570 spindles and 22,407 looms. The last annual report showed 188 mills. —— Speaking of the school tax election last week and of the fact as shown in reports to him, that it carried in only nine townships, Supt. Mebane says it appears that Surry is the only county in which more than one township voted for it, and that it seems that county will get Col. Julian S. Carr's $500.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: The Board of Equalization yesterday completed its work so far as returns have been made by the sheriffs. There are still eighteen counties yet to be heard from. It is estimated that the total valuation of the property of North Carolina has been increased between $1,000,000 and $2,000,000. —— There is widespread regret in Raleigh over the death of Mr. Henry Horton, who died yesterday morning, in his 47th year. Mr. Horton was a native of Raleigh, a son of the late Capt. Jeptha Horton, who was one of the first conductors on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad.

— Charlotte *News*: Some one entered the residence of Mr. H. C. Little, on East Fifth street last Saturday night and made way with his gold watch and chain. The theft was reported to police headquarters and Chief of Police Orr set about to catch the thief. He had two men shadowed all day yesterday and so confident was he that they were the guilty parties, he expected to make the arrest this morning. When Mr. Little walked out to his front gate this morning he found his watch on a post in the yard. The thief evidently thought that the officers were hot on his trail and discretion being the better part of valor, decided to return the stolen property.

— Charlotte *News*: Mr. M. L. Harkey, of Matthews, died suddenly Tuesday. Mr. Harkey was sitting in a chair and suddenly fell over dead. It is supposed that his death was caused by dropsy of the heart. —— J. H. Milam, the defaulting ticket agent of the Seaboard Air Line, arrived in Charlotte last night in the custody of Sheriff Smith. Milam went direct from Charlotte to Morristown, Tenn., where he remained up to the time of his capture. —— The recent rains have played havoc with the grape crop in and around Charlotte. The fruit has begun to rot and drop from the vines. A more promising crop was never before known in this section until within the last few days.

— Washington *Progress*: Hatton Perry, colored, who was convicted and sentenced to be hanged last Spring for a criminal assault upon Annie Smith, is still in jail. The defendant took an appeal to the Supreme Court and this vacated the sentence until that court rendered a decision. A large number of the best element of the colored people said they would be satisfied with the verdict of the jury as it was composed largely of the best men in the county. —— One George Lewis was brought here by Deputy Sheriff Irvin Rumley Friday and lodged in jail. He is charged with assault with attempt to commit rape upon Mrs. R. O. Jefferson, of Hunter's Bridge, this county. She says Lewis, who is a white man and recently out of the State prison, was at her home and they had some words about some stock and that he drew two pistols and insulted her. He failed to give $500 bond at a magistrate's court and was committed to jail.

ANCIENT CORPORATIONS.

Trade Monopolies That Were Almost Savage In Their Operation.

Apprentices became no better than serfs and slaves. They were not merely pitilessly fined and brutally punished, they were often left in ignorance of the craft that they had purchased the right to learn. In that frightful social and moral revulsion following the long and devastating wars of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries the corporations became more determined than ever to maintain their industrial aristocracy and monopoly. They refused to admit any trade less ancient and honorable than their own to the rights and privileges of the law; they soiled themselves by contact with no person of illegitimate birth; and in their savage and relentless pursuit of persons engaged in unauthorized traffic they invaded the homes of contraband workmen, confiscating both their tools and the hidden products of their toil, leaving them and their families destitute and starving.

To such absurd lengths was the creation of corporations carried for the production of new taxes and new places for court favorites that occupations like the teaching of dancing, the selling of flowers and the catching of birds were organized, and homogeneous occupations like the hatmakers' and carpenters' were divided and subdivided beyond the comprehension of the modern mind. But despite the ingenuity of lawyers and the vigilance of armies of inspectors the lines of demarcation could not be drawn so sharply as to avoid conflicts of interests. The makers of felt hats quarreled with the makers of cotton hats. The spinners who had purchased the right to use hemp quarreled with those that had purchased the right to use flax. The shoemakers fought with the cobblers that reproduced more than two-thirds of an old shoe. The cutlers that made the handles of knives fought with those that made the blades. The relations of the makers of wooden porringers and the makers of wooden spoons were equally belligerent. — Franklin Smith in Popular Science Monthly.

The True Remedy.

W. M. Repine, editor Tiskilwa, Ill., "Chief," says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Experimented with many others, but never got the true remedy until we used Dr. King's New Discovery. No other remedy can take its place in our home, as in it we have a certain and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, etc." It is idle to experiment with other remedies, even if they are urged on you as just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery. They are not as good, because this remedy has a record of cures and besides is guaranteed. It never fails to satisfy. Trial bottle free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

HANDLING A CROWD.

HOW IT IS DONE BY THE POLICEMEN OF NEW YORK.

Clubbing, Which Was Once So Popular, Is Not Now In Favor—Telephone Stations Along the Line of March Keep the Chief In Touch With a Big Parade.

For the control of large crowds New York policemen have been regarded as more effective than those of any other city in the world.

It has been said that New Yorkers will stand more police dictation than would be endured by the people of London or Paris and will submit without complaining to being ordered about and even clubbed by the autocrat with brass buttons. Recent observations have tended to confirm the belief that the police of this city are becoming less domineering, while they are no less effective in the protection of the public when the streets are filled with crowds.

There was a time, remembered by many New Yorkers, when it was hardly safe to ask a lordly policeman a plain question. He was inclined to make reply by a "stiff punch" with the end of his big night stick. The art of clubbing was practiced with such impunity that the average citizen regarded a policeman with fear and trembling. Alec Williams was in his glory then, and the "boss clubber" was an object of so much interest that people would stop and gaze at him with curiosity as he strode about the streets. His declaration that there was "more law in the end of a policeman's club than in a decision of the court of appeals" had weight then. It was the custom in those days to control crowds in the streets by the free use of brute force. People were so much accustomed to exhibitions of violence that there was no public outcry when a squad of police chased a crowd of unoffending men back from a fire with a shower of blows and a deluge of awful threats.

Old time police officials have declared that the riot of 1863 was responsible for much police brutality in the years that followed. The police had to fight hard on that occasion, and their only weapon was the club. When they closed with the mob, their orders were, "Take no prisoners." Inspector Carpenter, who led in the fighting, gave the additional command, "Wherever you see a head hit it." When the riot was over, the citizens of New York united in praise of the police, who had earned the designation of "the finest." Later the members of the force never failed to distinguish themselves in fights against disorderly crowds, but they often failed to make distinction between rowdies who deserved to be clubbed and unoffending citizens who were entitled to protection and considerate treatment. The habit of "charging the crowds" with drawn clubs remained fixed for years, and it was not until the commissioners amended the rules so as to require a policeman to keep his club in his belt unless he was obliged to draw it in self defense that the practice was dropped. Even in holding police lines at fires or at great parades it was the custom of policemen to use their clubs in pushing back persons who got over the line, and it was a common thing to see a policeman reach over and hit the heads of people who were being pushed toward the front by crowds in the rear. The sight of waving clubs was an inseparable feature of every great parade in Broadway and Fifth avenue, and smashed hats, if not broken heads, were often the results of too much eagerness to get in the front rank of sightseers.

The ability of the police to handle large crowds without the use of clubs was first demonstrated at the great Columbian parades in New York. Never were the sidewalks in Broadway more densely crowded at a passing show. At all the corners of side streets stood trucks, four or five at each corner, piled high with spectators. People pushed their way in solid masses between the trucks, blocking the outlets from Broadway and threatening to force the police lines. The orders of Superintendent Byrnes against clubbing were positive and explicit, and it would have been reckless for policemen to use their clubs in such an emergency. Mounted policemen were stationed at the street corners, and they used their horses in pushing back the crowds. Some of the well trained animals appeared to understand the work cut out for them as well as their riders. They would lean up against crowds and push, making short, careful steps, as if mindful of the feet that were near their iron shod hoofs.

It was at the time of the centennial parades also that the system of telephone stations along the line was first put into operation. Mr. Byrnes was able to sit in his office at police headquarters and hear the music of the bands and the cheers of the multitude at any point from which he desired to get information. He was able also to strengthen the police lines at a place where a crowd increased unexpectedly by sending a reserve force from the nearest station.

The advantages of a complete telephone service were demonstrated in the centennial parade. Several persons were hurt at overcrowded stands or fainted in the crush of pushing people, and in every case ambulances were summoned from the nearest hospitals without delay.

At recent large parades and on other occasions when the police have had to control large crowds in the streets it has been noticed that all the policemen carry their clubs attached to their belts and wave only their hands when they order people to move back. They have received the most positive orders not to be rude or use unnecessary force in keeping the lines, but, on the contrary, to mingle gentleness with firmness.

It must not be supposed, however, that all the members of the force are fond of the new method, and there are instances when a policeman will exhibit the domineering manner which members of the force often displayed 20 years ago.—New York Tribune.

Ponderous Speech.

Dr. Martin Joseph Routh, who was president of Magdalen college, Oxford, and died in 1854 in his hundredth year, had Dr. Johnson's habit of speech.

"How are you, sir?" Goldwin Smith asked of him one day.

"I am suffering, sir," he replied, "from a catarrhal cold, which, however, sir, I take to be a kind provision of nature to relieve the peccant humors of the system."

A few years before his death his butler became insane and had to be sent away. When he was leaving, he begged to see the president once more, "to ask his blessing." The president received him in the garden, where the man, stooping as if to kiss his hand, bit a piece out of it.

"How did you feel, Mr. President," asked some one, "when the man bit your hand?"

"Why, at first, sir," said the president, "I felt considerably alarmed, for I was unaware, sir, what proportion of human virus might have been communicated by the bite. But in the interval of reaching the house I was convinced that the proportion of virus must have been very small indeed. Then I was at rest. But, sir, I had the bite cauterized."

Dr. Routh believed fully in the ceremonials and conventions of life, and he never appeared on any occasion without his canonicals. Some ill disposed undergraduates determined to break through this habit, and going under his window at midnight they shouted "Fire!"

The president appeared immediately in a terrible state of alarm, but he wore his full canonicals.—Youth's Companion.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action, and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

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The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Hood's Pills

Cure sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, gas in the stomach, distress and indigestion. Do not weaken, but have tonic effect. 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

WORTH & WORTH

OFFER FOR SALE

Best Quality, Full Weight

Flour, Bacon, Sugar,

Lard, Molasses,

MEAL, SALT, LIME, CEMENT,

Plaster, Hay, Corn, Hoop Iron,

OATS, RIVETS, GLUE.

Bagging and Ties

AT Low Prices.

au 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Liverpool and American

SALT.

Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing. A large stock

Bagging and Ties,

which we offer at lowest market prices.

Groceries

in quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.

Hall & Pearsall,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

au 10 D&W tf

FOR SALE!

Machine-Made Spirit Barrels.

Made from the best thoroughly seasoned and selected

White Oak Timber.

Our experience of thirty-one years in manufacturing cooperage for the trade enables us to turn out barrels of correct gauge and guaranteed first class in every particular. Your patronage solicited.

The Geo. L. Morton Co.

y 4 1m

Prempert's Barber Shop,

No. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call.

Respectfully,

je 20 tf ARTHUR PREMPERT

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute	6¾	@	7
Standard		@	7⅝
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔	4½	@	5¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each	1 30	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	22	@	23
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks		@	43½
Virginia Meal		@	43½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	75
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	11	@	12½
Dairy, Cream	12	@	13
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	8½	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	10	@	12½
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	3 57
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	6 50	@	7 00
N C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 50	@	3 75
Choice	4 00	@	4 25
Straight		@	4 75
First Patent		@	5 25
GLUE—℔ ℔—	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	45
Car load, in bags—White		@	45
Oats, from store		@	30
Oats, Rust Proof	35	@	40
Cow Peas	60	@	65
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	1 00
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1½	@	2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5¾	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	18 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbados, in hhds		@	25
" " in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds		@	25
" in bbls		@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	12	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 30	@	1 60
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	9 50
Rump		@	8 75
Prime		@	8 75
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	60
Lisbon		@	
American	40	@	60
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 80	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granu'd		@	5¼
Standard A		@	[illegible]
White Ex. C		@	[illegible]
Extra C, Golden		@	[illegible]
C, Yellow		@	[illegible]
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 50
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x30 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	4	@	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	10

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COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, August 19.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 25½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 25 cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market dull at $1 20 per bbl for Strained and $1 25 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market quiet and steady at $1,10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady; $1 30 per barrel for Hard, 1 80 for Yellow Dip and 1 90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady, 22, 21c; rosin firm, $1 32½, 1 37½; tar, firm, $1 05; crude turpentine steady, $1 20, 1 55, 1 65.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	235
Rosin	833
Tar	283
Crude Turpentine	7

Receipts same day last year—119 casks spirits turpentine, 853 bbls rosin, 107 bbls tar, 40 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 7⅝c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5¼	cts ℔ ℔
Good Ordinary	6⅝	" "
Low Middling	7⅛	" "
Middling	7⅝	" "
Good Middling	8 3-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7½c.

Receipts—1 bale; same day last year 4.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 45@47½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1 60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6 50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan at 1¼ and closed offered at 1¼ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange was firm; actual business in bankers' bills at 485¾ for demand and 483¾@483 ¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 484½@486 and 486½@487. Commercial bills 482. Silver certificates offered at 53. Government bonds steady; twos, registered, 97½; fours, registered, 111¾; fours, coupon, 112; new fours, registered, 124¾; new fours, coupon, 124¾; fives, registered, 113½; fives, coupon, 113½. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 126; North Carolina fours 103. Railroad bonds weak.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Rosin easier; strained common to good $1 47½@1 50. Spirits turpentine quiet at 28@28½.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 19.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25c bid; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels; A, B, C, D $1 20, E $1 20, F $1 25, G $1 30, H $1 45, I, $1 45, K $1 50, M $1 55, N $1 75, W G $1 90; W W $2 20.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 19.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26; sales 1,064 casks; receipts 1,000 casks. Rosin firm; sales 1,482 barrels; receipts 2 050 barrels; quotations: A, B, C, D $1 20, E $1 25, F $1 30, G $1 35, H $1 45, I $1 50, K $1 60, M $1 65, N $1 80, W G $2 05, W W $2 25.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 19—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 2@3 points, further advanced 1@3 points, then broke 5@13 points and closed easy at a net loss of 2@8 points. There was some encouragement for a time in the early morning session, based on more favorable cables than had been expected. At the same time crop accounts were somewhat conflicting. Late cables were less favorable and the crop news was regarded favorable. From the actions of outside speculative support the market weakened and declined 5 to 13 points from the highest prices of the morning, with the loss chiefly on August contracts, following active liquidation. During the afternoon selling was quite active alike by longs and shorts and the market closed at about the lowest points.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Evening.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 8c.

Cotton futures market closed easy; sales 99,800 bales; Jan'y 6 75, Feb'y 6 78, March 6 82, April 6 85, May 6 88, July —, August 7 46, September 6 94, October 6 80, November 6 69, December 6 71.

Spot cotton closed quiet and steady; middling uplands 8c; middling gulf 8¼c, sales 932 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 10 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded 10 bales; sales 932 bales; sales to spinners 432 bales; stock (actual) 43,876 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 2 536 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; stock 74,432 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 14 666 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,421 bales; to France 1,316 bales; to the Continent 4 590 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 6,641,084 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,008 518 bales; exports to France 700 972 bales; exports to the Continent 2,149,248 bales; to the Channel 5,481 bales.

Aug. 17.—Galveston, steady at 7½, net receipts 1,055 bales; Norfolk, steady at 8½, net receipts 1 bale; Baltimore, nominal at 8¼, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 8, net receipts 187 bales; Wilmington, quiet at 7⅝, net receipts 1 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8¼, net receipts — bales; Savannah, quiet and easy at 7⅝ net receipts 80 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 7½, net receipts 1,282 bales; Mobile, dull at 7⅝, net receipts 5 bales; Memphis, steady at 7⅝, net receipts 5 bales; Augusta, steady at 7½@7⅝, net receipts 33 bales; Charleston, steady at 7, net receipts 15 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19—Evening.—Flour was quiet and firmer, closing irregular; winter patents $4 75@5 40; winter straights $4 50@4 75; Minnesota patents $5 10@5 60. Wheat—spot irregular; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 98¼c afloat; No. 1 Northern New York $1 00 f. o. b. afloat; options opened lower under foreign selling and disappointing cables, recovered and advanced to the highest point of the year on news covering, but collapsed late in the afternoon, under heavy unloading and light export demand, closing ¼@1½c net lower; No. 2 red August closed at 96c; September 93¼@95⅛c, closed 94c; October 93¼@93⅞c, closed 93¼c; December 93⅞@95c, closed 93⅝c. Corn—spot quiet; No. 2, 33⅝c at elevator and 34¼c afloat; options opened firmer on less favorable crop news and the jump in wheat but sold off later under realizing, closing ⅛c net lower; August closed 33⅝; September 33⅜@33⅞c, closed 33⅜c; December 35⅝@36¼c, closed at 35⅝c. Oats—spot higher on mixed; No. 2 23½; options were firm at first, but reacted with the other markets, closing unchanged to ¼c net lower; August closed 22c; September 22¼@22⅜c; closed 22¼; October 22⅜@23c, closed 22⅝c. Lard firmer; Western steam $4 85@4 90, refined firm; Continent 5 25; South American $5 50, compound $4 37½@4 50. Pork was firm; old mess $8 75@9 25; new mess $9 75@10 25; short clear $9 50@12 00; family $9 50@10 50. Butter very firm at quotations; Western creamery 11@17c; factory 7@10½c; Elgins 18c; imitation creamery 9½@12c; State dairy 9@14½; do. creamery 11@18. Cheese steady; State large, white 8¼@8⅜; small white 8⅜@8⅝c; large, colored 8¼@8⅜c small colored 9@9½c; part skims 5½@6½c; full skims 3½@4c. Eggs firm, State and Pennsylvania 14@16. Western fresh 15c. Rice firm. Molasses firm. Cotton seed oil quiet; yellow prime 26@26½c. Tallow quiet; city ($3 00 per package) 3⅜c; country (packages free) 3¼@3⅜c, as to quality. Coffee—options opened steady at unchanged prices; closed steady with prices unchanged; sales 16 750 bags, including September at $6 45@6 50; December $6 75; March $7 00@7 05; May $7 10, spot Rio coffee dull; Cordova 10½@16½c. Sugar—raw firm; fair refining 3¼c; centrifugal 96 test 3⅝c; refined firm.

CHICAGO, August 19—September wheat to-day came within a very small fraction of touching the ninety-cent mark, but slumped ingloriously and closed at 87½c, a drop of 1⅜c since yesterday. The market was an extremely nervous one, with fluctuations correspondingly violent. Some bearish crop reports, foreign seaboard selling and letting go of considerable holdings by the bull clique were features in the decline. Corn and oats were but slightly affected, corn declining ⅛c and oats about the same. Provisions showed independent firmness, closing unchanged to 7½c higher.

CHICAGO, Aug. 19.—Cash quotations: Flour was firmer and prices advanced 25c. Wheat—No. 2 spring 87⅝@89c; No. 3 spring 84@87c; No. 2 red new 90c. Corn—No. 2, 28½@28⅝. Oats—No. 2 18c; No. 2 white f. o. b. 21@23c; No. 3 white f. o. b. 19½@21½c. Mess pork per barrel, $8 55@8 60. Lard, per 100 lbs $4 52½. Short rib sides, loose, $4 95@5 25. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $5 00@5 25. Short clear sides, boxed, $5 25@5 37½. Whiskey $1 20.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—September 87⅞@88¼, 89⅜@89⅝, 87, 87½; December 87⅞@88, 89⅜, 87 87½c; May 89½@89¼, 91¼, 89 89½. Corn—August 28⅜@28⅝, 28⅝, 28¼, 28¼@28⅜c; September 28⅝@29½, 29¼, 28⅝, 28⅝@28⅞c, December 30¼@30⅛, 30⅜@30⅞, 30¼, 30¼; May 33, 34⅝, 32⅞@33, 33c. Oats—No. 2 September 18@18⅛, 18⅛, 17¾@17⅞, 17⅞@18; December 19½, 19½, 18⅞@19, 18⅞@19, May 21⅝@21⅞, 21¼, 21⅛@21¼, 21⅛@21¼. Mess pork—September $8 55, 8 65, 8 40, 8 57½; October $8 47½, 8 62½, 8 47½, 8 7; December $8 65, 8 75, 8 55, 8 70. Lard—September $4 55, 4 57½, 4 50, 4 52½. October $4 60, 4 62½, 4 57½, 4 57½; December $4 65, 4 67½, 4 62½, 4 62½. Short ribs—September $5 10, 5 15, 5 07½, 5 07½; October $5 15, 5 17½, 5 10, 5 12½.

BALTIMORE, August 19.—Flour strong and higher; Western superfine $2 85@3 00; do extra $3 40@4 00; do family $4 50@4 75; winter wheat patents $5 00@5 25; do spring $5 25@5 50; spring wheat straight $4 80@4 85. Wheat strong and higher; spot and month 97½@97¾c; September 96¾@96⅞c; steamer No. 2 red 91¾@94¼c; Southern wheat by sample 93@98½c; do on grade 95@98c. Corn firm; spot 33¼@33⅜c; month 33⅜@33½c; September 32⅞@33c; steamer mixed 30¾@31c; Southern white 35c asked; do yellow 35@35½c. Oats barely steady; No. 2 white, new, 24@24½c, old, 26@27c; No. 2 mixed, new, 21@22c; old, 22@23c.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, August 19—4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot in fair demand and prices higher. American middling fair 4 17-32d; good middling 4 9 32d; American middling 4⅛d; low middling 4d; good ordinary 3⅞d; ordinary 3 11-16d. Sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export, and included 9,300 American. Receipts none. Futures opened steady with a moderate demand and closed barely steady at the advance. American middling (l m c): August 4 1 64d buyer; August and September 3 60 64@3 61 64d buyer; September and October 3 53 64@3 54-64d buyer; October and November 3 48 64d seller; November and December 3 45 64d buyer; December and January 3 44-64d buyer; January and February 3 44 64d seller; February and March 3 44 64d value; January and February 3 44 64d value; February and March 3 44 64@3 45-64d buyer; March and April 3 45 64@3 46 64d seller; April and May 3 46 64@3 47-64d seller; May and June 3 47 64@3 48 64d seller; September 3 61 64d.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Driver, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

Steamer E A Hawes, Ward, Clear Run, Jas Madden.

CLEARED.

Steamship Pawnee, 859 tons, Hale, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

Steamer Driver, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

Steamer E A Hawes, Ward, Clear Run, Jas Madden.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 19, 1897.

SCHOONERS.

Bertha Louise, 220 tons, Crewell, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Albert L Butler, 291 tons, Leland, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Roger Moore, 277 tons, Miller, Jas T Riley & Co.

BARQUES.

Concettina (Ital), 493 tons, Garguilo, Jas T Riley & Co.

Nord America (Ital), 558 tons, Capero, Jas T Riley & Co.

TURNIP SEED,

Crop 1897,

JUST ARRIVED

ALL VARIETIES PLANTED IN THIS SECTION.

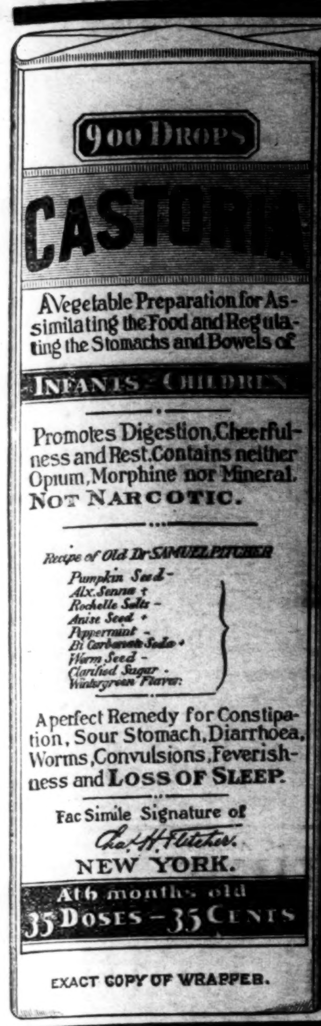
The Largest Stock and the Lowest Prices.

Write for quotations.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

je 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.



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—OF—

Chas. H. Fletcher.

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WRAPPER

OF EVERY

BOTTLE

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

BAND SAWS.

The Straight Ribbon of Steel and Its Value In Lumber Working.

The first attempt in the United States ta turn out lumber with a band saw was made about 20 years ago. The saw then used, however, while excellent in cutting on a beautiful wave line, scorned the inartistic mechanically straight one. The true theory in regard to the nature and treatment of circular saws, which were then in well established use, was only beginning to be understood, and ten years elapsed before it was understood in reference to band saws.

The circular saw was treated as a disk of tempered steel, was ground flat on one side and slightly convexed on the other. Such a saw did fair work at a low or moderate speed, but an increase of speed resulted in crooked lumber. But some wise filer conceived the idea of treating the circular not as a flat disk, but as a ring of steel, connected to its center by an easy filling of the same material, forming, of course, one disk.

It was not absolutely flat when at rest; but if set up in position, as in the mill, it would be found to be slightly convex on one side and concave on the other, and this convexity and concavity could, by a little pressure, be easily made to change sides, acting the same as when pressure is exerted on the bottom of an old tin pan—it pops in or out as required.

A circular saw in this condition, which is obtained by hammering the central part, when placed on its arbor and set in rapid motion, straightens itself. The centrifugal force of the whole blade is concentrated in the rim, which slightly yields, allowing the saw to run in a beautifully true plane, which it has both the disposition and ability to constantly preserve. In this condition, when suitably dressed for its work, the circular saw is a perfected piece of machinery.

After the first introduction of band mills many years passed before this constructive principle was applied to them. As soon as this took place the band saw began to take rank in speed of lumber making with its powerful rival, which hitherto held the field.

Tension in the cutting edge of the blade is the principle referred to, which all saws must possess in order to do their best work. In the circular saws this is obtained by hammering the central part of the saw. In the band saw it is by rolling the middle portion of the blade—that is, the saw is passed through a machine between two small steel rollers under heavy pressure, which expands the middle portion of the saw throughout its entire length. Applying a straightedge to the side of a saw, either longitudinally or transversely, will show convex and concave places alternating all along the blade. But when placed on the wheels of the mill under a four ton strain, all these kinks disappear. It then becomes one straight ribbon of steel, with its edges so tight that there is no chance for deviation in sawing. It cuts straight.—W. H. Trout in Cassier's Magazine.

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THE BIRDS DO THUS.

I slept all day. The birds do thus
That sing awhile at eve for us.
To have you soon I gave away,
Well satisfied to give, a day.
Life's not so short I care to keep
The unhappy days. I choose to sleep.
—R. L. Frosh in Independent.

POISON LOVE.

It was siesta at the mine of La Esperanza. Andrea was pruning her calico flounces preparatory to a stroll past the offices, ostensibly to take some drawn work to the much bored wife of the manager, but—well, Andrea was both a coquette and had a musical laugh by the grace of God, for if those talents are not heaven sent it is hopeless to attempt to graft them.

It was very warm and the air was shimmering before Jimmy Avery's eyes as he came out of the cool dusk of the big adobe room and stood looking up the slope Andrea was coming down. There was a great humming of yellow jackets around a heap of red tuna skins. Once Jimmy Avery was innocent, good and young. That he was any of the three now was doubtful. Yet he was much younger than he looked, and possibly his face was more weak than evil. It was still a handsome face, though the fiery Mexican liquors had burnt it a dull red. He was puffy under his eyes, and his eyes were clouded.

Andrea's flounce struck the little blood red pile of skins rotting in the sun. In a moment she was the center of the fiercely buzzing insects. One stung her on the neck, and she ran crying to the secretary, whom she saw in front of the office rolling his cigarette and staring up the red clay road at her.

The yellow jackets went back to their feast, and the young secretary led in the peon woman, and placing her in his big leather chair—she had never sat on a chair before—rubbed the swollen bite on her round, brown throat with ammonia, soothing her tenderly, for Jimmy Avery was tender to all women until they crossed him. Then his savageness and brutality were such as to make a mere ordinary man who knew nothing of tenderness stand aghast.

Andrea's black eyes were very full and lustrous with the Mexican sun in their dusky depths, and there was a dimple at the corner of her poppy red mouth.

"I never see you in Leon," he said to her. "Sometimes I go. Why do you never? There's lots of music and the paseo. This is a lonely place for a pretty woman."

Andrea hung her head and twisted her fingers together. Jimmy in some disgust at her stupidity signed for her to go, and settled himself back to the slumber that had been broken by the clear vibrations of her pretty laugh.

That evening Andrea sat on the mud floor, sullenly stirring the olla podrida simmering over the fire of sticks in the corner. It is not good for one's temper to sit on a soft, leather chair in the afternoon and come home to sit on a mud floor, to listen to praises of one's beauty there and here to the naked, brown baby, crying and crying on its heap of rags by the wall.

When Limpy appeared in the low doorway, he knew by the back of Andrea's head there was a storm brewing. Limpy was the limpiador—engine cleaner and night watchman. He was also limpy by nature, dragging one foot heavily after him.

Andrea cast a look of scorn upon him as he knelt by the rags trying to quiet the baby—he was so black and so dirty. He had had smallpox, and each pit was brimming with dirt. He was fairly coated, clothes and all, with coal dust and grease. He had a wide mouthed, friendly grin, and goodness shone from every line of his homely face. The men all loved Limpy, and they said of him, "He's white inside anyway."

It was after the scanty meal had been eaten that the lowering clouds broke. Limpy listened in patient amazement while the Spanish rattled round his ears like hailstones on a tin roof.

"But why do you want to go to Leon? The baby is here, and I am here, and"—

"You and the baby!" And Andrea cried and tore at her rebozo with her sharp, white teeth.

She used the same arguments that Eve probably used. She was not feeling well, she needed a change, and there was no society and no amusement for her—all women say the same, in different languages perhaps.

When your wages are $11 a month and corn is 6 cents a pound, it is hard having a wife who pines for a change. Limpy put it to her fairly and squarely. There were the pigs at Marfil, where his brother was tending them. If she went to Leon, the pigs would be on short rations, and already the corn doled out was not keeping pace with the appetites of the unfortunate swine.

Andrea decided, as was to be expected, against the pigs. Faithful, honest Limpy faltered when he thought of them, for the pigs were the core of his heart. But Andrea was his God. So let the pigs starve.

The day Andrea went to Leon in the old diligence was an eventful one. The women gathered in little groups and put their heads together, whispering of her warily, for Andrea's temper was notable. She was a burro, they said, and her mother was a burro, and her grandmother, and also were they pigs to the third and fourth generation. And their wrath had foundation, for when in the memory of man had a peon woman traveled to Leon by coach? A woman with feet. There were much fluttering of rebozo and silvery chiming of laughter, and at last the old coach rumbled away down the winding mountain road, and out of the radiant blue air rippled Andrea's laugh.

That night at dinner Mrs. Orton looked the young secretary full between the eyes after her went and said very softly: "I saw that pretty Andrea starting off on the coach today. Did you ever notice her, Mr. Avery?"

Jimmy helped himself to some vile compound or other from the big silver dish the mozo was holding. "Yes—that is, no—which one do you mean?"

"I take very little stock in that wife of the night watchman's," said the manager, a ponderous, heavy footed man, with a large, benevolent manner, very trying to some people's nerves. "I was witness to a most unmotherly action on her part."

Jimmy looked bored. What were the pelado's to him? So he paid scant attention while Mr. Orton spun a woeful yarn of Andrea's carelessly dropping the baby among the burros as they came into the narrow defile above the camp, laden with the long leather sacks of ore. How the baby escaped, if it ever did, was more than Jimmy could have told you. But he could have told you that Beatrice Orton had a half opened scarlet hibiscus in her blond hair.

Wonderful stories of Andrea's doings in Leon were wafted back to the camp—that she had been seen with a red ribbon in her hair; that she had pawned the pigs. Once an incredible tale came, brought apparently by the birds of the air. It was that Andrea had been seen walking one evening in the jardin arm in arm with a "gringo." But it was sadly true she had pawned the pigs.

Pawned the pigs! The interest and weekly rations of corn were more than Limpy could pay. To think of losing those beautiful porkers.

It was learned one day, to the intense excitement of the camp, that Limpy was contemplating a bath, which, of course, portended, in the minds of the gossips, a visit to Leon, and, it was hoped, a dressing down of Andrea.

The momentous affair was over. Gertrudis had washed his clothes while it was in progress and a brand new Limpy, clothed, but hardly in his right mind, set forth for Leon. He felt it glory and expense enough for Andrea to ride there, and so had cheerfully made ready to walk, for it is but 60 kilometers and downhill all the way.

But coming back is another tale. So it was a question whether it was the long uphill pull the next night that had graven Limpy's face with those lines of pain.

One afternoon, having received their monthly pay, the men were deep in a game of monte, sitting on the ground in front of Limpy's mud hut. Limpy himself was lying on his stomach watching with listless eyes. Suddenly he heard over his head Andrea's happy laugh and the baby was plumped down on his back. He arose and handed the baby back, with as much scorn as his good, honest, ugly face could show.

She had come for money, which, to her surprise, Limpy was unwilling to give. True, things had been a little awkward when he paid the unexpected visit to Leon, but that was his own fault. If he had sent word he was coming, everything would have been agreeable. She was hardly prepared for Limpy's attitude. He was done with her. He would take the baby, and she must go away, and not one centavo should she have.

Andrea did not despair. It was something to have the baby off her hands, and she was not counting entirely upon Limpy.

A big golden moon was slowly sailing from behind a black peak when the secretary, who was dressing for dinner, heard a knock at the door. He was astonished and annoyed on answering to find Andrea. He stepped out with her in the ebon shadow of a mesquite tree. Flattering himself on making short work of her, he turned, with the last harsh sentence on his lips, to look straight into Beatrice Orton's face.

"Was there ever such luck?" he groaned as he closed the door. "What was I saying? Something about my salary would not permit of my supporting half the peon women of Mexico. Good God! And what made me say she had more now than the others? The only woman on earth I could ever care for to hear that!"

If Jimmy had said the only woman on earth he ever tried to flirt with and failed, he would have been nearer the mark. On coming to La Esperanza he had noted with interest the disparity in the ages of the manager and his wife. But she had treated him with the most discouraging coolness and kindness.

The moonlight was flooding the patio and corral, leaving the portales in deep shadow. Dinner was over, and the two men had been smoking their cigars under the portales, but now Mr. Orton had fallen asleep in the broad Mexican hammock hung in the jasmine arbor.

Mrs. Orton had taken Jimmy's hat, of a fashion unknown to the camp before his arrival, and tripping down to the arbor placed it over her slumbering lord's face, for fear, she explained to Jimmy, a stray moonbeam might shine in his face and make him loco. There was distinct coquetry in her glance and laugh.

Hope was beginning to revive a trifle in Mr. Avery's bosom. He had thrown away his cigar, and was considering, with malice aforethought, the white hand resting so temptingly near when there was heard the sound of an excited voice.

Mrs. Orton went to meet the tall, white figure which appeared in the palm lined corridor. A sentence or two were exchanged, a bit of which Jimmy caught. Then Mrs. Orton pointed toward the arbor at the far end of the patio, and Andrea, with set face, ran down the long path leading to it.

"Confound it all. What does she think to gain by having me discharged, with old Orton such a prig, of course"—

There was a flutter of laces before him, round arms about him and a soft mouth on his. Was the world coming to an end? Beatrice Orton's voice was saying: "You do love me? Oh, say you do!"

"Why, I adore you!" And he threw his arm about her, but he kept an anxious eye upon the arbor, and his arm grew limp in spite of himself.

"I told her you were in the hammock. Oh, Jimmy, she has a long, sharp knife! Do you think she will kill him?" she whispered.

Jimmy shook her off as he would a scorpion. "Orton! Orton!" he called loudly as he rose to his feet. "For God's sake, wake up, Orton!"

Mr. Orton threw the secretary's hat from his face, and with a sense of being somewhat rudely disturbed sat up in the hammock. Over him bent a wild eyed woman.

Mr. Orton, being the most prosaic of men, noted nothing wrong, failing utterly to see the sinister looking knife half concealed by the folds of her rebozo.

"My good creature," he said testily, "modulate your voice when you call me. I was not asleep—merely reflecting."

Then this reflective gentleman rolled out of the hammock and toddled out in the moonlight. Jimmy Avery was racing for life down between the red roses, and Mrs. Orton sat shivering and sobbing under the portales. "It's nothing, Avery," called Mr. Orton benevolently. "Some one of the servants thought I was asleep. I must say she has a voice like a fog horn."

Blessed is he who perceiveth nothing, for his days shall end in peace. Jimmy Avery looked in the glass when he reached his room, looked at his haggard eyes and his lined face and repeated aloud a quotation that had struck his fancy in some long forgotten book, "Whoso takes a love not lawfully his own gathers a flower with poison on its petals." And Beatrice writhed all night and cried to heaven to witness the most wretched woman alive. And all because she had found the path to hell as stony and steep as others the road to high heaven.

Andrea that night drank pulque, and stumbling as she went down the mountain road to Leon fell by the wayside and slept till morning. She lives to this day in Leon—has painted cheeks and is called "the nina with the songlike laugh."

And Limpy—dear, patient Limpy! He lost three reals out of his wages that night. The baby was sick and he could not go to work. It cried and cried and would not be comforted; for the best meaning man is always a little clumsy with a baby.—Edith Wagner in Argonaut.

The Use of Gaelic.

The number of persons in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland who use Gaelic as their native language is much larger than is commonly supposed. It includes 660,000 in Ireland, 850,000 in Wales and 230,000 in Scotland. It is also used to a limited extent in Cornwall and some parts of Yorkshire.

The Tuberose.

The botanical name of the tuberose signifies many flowered, an allusion to the numerousness of the blossoms on a single stock. The common English name has reference to the tubular form of the blossom and the fragrance, which is considered to resemble that of the rose.

The hornet is mentioned in Scripture—Exodus xxiii, 28. It is alluded to as a familiar pest, God promising to send hornets before the Israelites and thereby drive out the nations of Canaan.

TRAPPING CROWS.

It Is Not an Easy Matter to Net the Wily Birds.

Crows are trapped and sold to sportsmen for shooting matches, usually bringing $10 per 100, but, like other things, when scarce they bring more.

It is no simple matter to trap crows, for the crow is a wily bird, and to catch him in a net set for that purpose requires skill, and patience as well, but the hunger of the crow is always the trapper's greatest aid. One man alone would make but little headway catching crows and would probably sit all day in his little bough house ready to spring his net, but the crows would give his bait a wide berth because they would know that he was there.

After placing the carcass of some animal on a field the net is set close to it by bending poles of saplings, on which the net is hung flat to the ground, where they are held down by triggerlike pegs, and a line run 50 yards or more to a house built of boughs, where the trapper is secreted.

Another carcass is usually laid some hundreds of yards distant on the same or another field, where there is no net set. The trappers, usually two in number, go into the bough house together before daylight, and when the crows begin to assemble on the fields one of them goes out and walks away. The crows, seeing him leave, grow a little bolder and approach the bait in ones and twos, but stop only long enough to get a beakful of the flesh and fly off again. The carcass where there is no net set is of course the best patronized, but the trapper on the outside makes it his business to walk near enough to that to keep the crows from settling on it in numbers and thus satisfying their hunger without going to the one where the net is. After awhile their hunger gets the better of their judgment or their fear, and they gather on the carcass where the net is. This is the opportunity of the man in the bough house, who, with a vigorous pull on the line, springs the net over them. Quick work must be done then by the trappers, who rush up to the net, to keep the trapped crows from crawling out at the ends and the front, where it is not staked fast to the ground. With their hands covered with stout buckskin gloves, to keep the crows from biting and scratching them, the captured birds are put in bags ready to be carried off the field. From 40 to 60 are frequently caught at one pull, but it is a rare thing to get more than two springs of the net in one day.—Philadelphia Record.

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Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Circulation	49,500 00
Due from other Banks 127,591 54		Total Deposits	526,457 23
Cash on hand 62,091 94	189,683 48		
Total	$770,395 32	Total	$770,395 3

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	July 23rd, '96.	July 23rd, '97
Deposits	$449,000	$526,000
Surplus and Net Profits	56,800	69,400
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid 6 per cent. per annum.
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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT May 30, 1897

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington	*3 20 p m	....
Leave Lumberton	5 26 p m	....
Leave Maxton	6 13 p m	....
Leave Laurinburg	6 33 p m	....
Arrive Hamlet	6 53 p m	....
Leave Hamlet	7 13 p m	*5 10pm
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	5 23am
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	5 54am
Leave Marshville	8 48 p m	6 25am
Arrive Monroe	9 13 p m	6 43am
Leave Monroe	9 35 p m	7 00am
Arrive Charlotte	10 25 p m	7 50am
Arrive Mt. Holly	....	9 20am
Arrive Lincolnton	....	10 20am
Arrive Shelby	....	1 18pm
Arrive Ellenboro	....	11 55pm
Arrive Rutherfordton	....	12 30pm

†8 40 a m	Leave......Hamlet......Arrive	6 20pm
10 00 a m	Arrive......Cheraw......Leave	†5 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 402.
Leave Rutherfordton	....	*4 35pm
Leave Ellenboro	....	5 15pm
Leave Shelby	....	5 55pm
Leave Lincolnton	....	6 56pm
Leave Mt. Holly	....	7 53pm
Leave Charlotte	*5 10 am	8 28pm
Arrive Monroe	5 55 am	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	6 05 am	9 40pm
Leave Marshville	6 25 am	....
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 am	10 31pm
Leave Rockingham	7 41 am	11 05pm
Arrive Hamlet	7 55 am	11 20pm
Leave Hamlet	8 10 am	....
Leave Laurinburg	8 46 am	....
Leave Maxton	9 05 am	....
Leave Lumberton	9 51 am	....
Arrive Wilmington	12 05 pm	....

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet	*8 15 am	*11 20pm
Arrive Raleigh	11 30 am	2 16am
Arrive Portsmouth	5 50 pm	7 25am
Arrive Richmond	*6 50 pm	*8 15am
Arrive Washington	11 10 pm	12 31pm
Arrive New York	6 53 am	6 23pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe	*6 48am	*9 25pm
Arrive Abbeville	11 05 am	1 40am
Arrive Athens	1 15 pm	3 45am
Arrive Atlanta (Central Times)	2 50 pm	5 20am

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

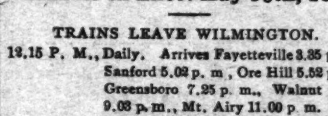
Both trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N C.
B. A. NEWLAND, Gen. Agt. P. Dept.
6 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen Supt.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
General Offices, Portsmouth, Va.
feb 17 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y



Schedule in Effect May 30th, 1897.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON.

12.15 P. M., Daily. Arrives Fayetteville 3.35 p. m., Sanford 5.02 p. m., Ore Hill 5.52 p. m., Greensboro 7.25 p. m., Walnut Cove 9.03 p. m., Mt. Airy 11.00 p. m. Connects with Southern Railway at Greensboro, arriving Salisbury 8.50 p. m. Asheville 12.12 a. m., Knoxville 4.00 a. m., Chattanooga 7 40 a. m., Nashville 1.35 p. m., Charlotte 10.00 p. m., Atlanta 6.10 a. m., Danville 12.00 night, Lynchburg 1 58 a. m., Charlottesville 3.35 a. m., Washington 6.42 a. m., Baltimore 8 00 a. m., Philadelphia 10.15 a. m., New York 12.43 p. m.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

4.30 P. M., Daily, from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Charlottesville, Lynchburg, Danville, Mt. Airy, Walnut Cove, Greensboro, Nashville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville, Salisbury, Atlanta, Charlotte and all points North, South and West.

LOCAL FREIGHT TRAIN NO. 8.

Leaves Wilmington 5 45 p. m., arrives Fayetteville 11.50 p. m. Passenger coach attached to this train

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

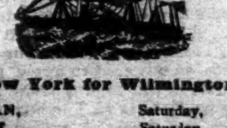
jy 1 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C

AND

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington

CROATAN,	Saturday,	Aug. 21
PAWNEE,	Saturday,	Aug. 28

Wilmington for New York.

PAWNEE,	Saturday,	Aug. 21
CROATAN,	Saturday,	Aug. 28

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN,	Tuesday,	Aug. 24
PAWNEE,	Tuesday,	Aug. 31

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For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y.
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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT AUGUST 15, 1897.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.58 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 11.58 a m, Wilson 12.43 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.58 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.24 a m, Richmond 4.20 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.35 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 2 00 p m — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 3 58 p m, Newbern 5 20 p m. This train leaves from Walnut street.

SOUTHBOUND.

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.43 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.42 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.20 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.50 p m, Savannah 2.40 a m, Jacksonville 8.20 a m. St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 12 40 p m — No. 61—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 20 a m, Jacksonville 10 43 a m. This train arrives at Walnut street.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 3 36 p m, Savannah 12.50 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8 20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 50 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18a m, Weldon 11 33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 a m and 1 00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 2 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4 05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 pm. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.15 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 42 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.08 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 45 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 42 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 48 p m, leave Lanes 8.36 a m, Manning 9.05 a m. arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8 55 a m, arrive Darlington 9 28 a m, Cheraw 10 40 a m. Wadesboro 2 25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m., Hartsville 9 35 p m, Bennettsville 9 36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.27 a m, Hartsville 10 10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7 40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6 30 a m, arrive Darlington 7 15 a m, leave Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5 15 p m, Darlington 6 29 p m, arrive Florence 7 00 a m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 3.00 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.40 p m. 1.14 a m, Rowland 6.10 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.20 a m, 10.20 p m, Dunn 12.07 p m, Smithfield 12.48 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.42 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 40 a m, Creston 5 32 a m, arrive Denmark 6 30 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 55 p m, Creston 5 47 p m, Sumter 6 40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m, Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m, Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliot 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. au 1 tf

Wilmington & Newbern R. R.

In Effect Sunday, August 1, 1897

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

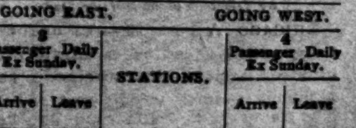
NORTH BOUND *6	NORTH BOUND †8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND †7	SOUTH BOUND ‡5
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	3 00	Lv...Walnut street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	3 10	Lv....Surry street....Ar	12 30	3 25
9 50		Ar...Jacksonville......Lv		12 05
11 00	3 58	Lv " Ar	10 43	10 35
11 58	4 30	Lv...Maysville........Lv	10 09	9 18
12 30	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville......Lv	9 55	8 50
1 30	5 20	Ar...Newbern..........Lv	9 20	8 00
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

J. R. KENLY,
General Manager
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
au 1 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.



In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	3 Leave	STATIONS.	4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	4 Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 25	....
....	4 12	Kinston..........	10 33	....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 25
6 37	6 42	Morehead City...	8 02	8 07
P. M	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points. S. L. DILL, Sup't.

ma 27 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 20, 1897

THE "ARGONAUT."

A Sub-Marine Craft—One of the Most Unique Ever Constructed—Launched at Baltimore.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, August 19.—The Argonaut, a sub-marine craft, was launched at noon to-day, at the yards of the Columbian Iron Works, in the presence of a large crowd of interested spectators. Miss Miriam Lake, daughter of the inventor of the strange craft, christened it in the usual manner as it glided from the ways into the water.

This vessel, which is the invention of a Baltimorean, Simon Lake, is, as far as intentions and appearances are concerned, one of the most unique ever constructed. It is intended for commercial work, including the exploration of the bottoms of rivers, lakes, bays and even seas for treasure seeking and other purposes of a kindred character. The vessel presents a curious appearance. The cigar-shaped hull has two big iron wheels attached to it near the bow. These wheels are about as large as an ordinary cart-wheel and are of solid metal. The edges of the wheels are corrugated and cogged like those of a cog-wheel. A smaller wheel of a similar character is attached to the boat at the stern. The wheels are intended to enable the vessel to run along over the bottoms of rivers and other bodies of water, the propeller of the vessel supplying the necessary motive power. The boat will be so arranged, it is understood, that divers can come in and go out of the vessel while she is on the bottoms of rivers.

The Argonaut is thirty-six feet long and nine feet in diameter, built of steel and strongly ribbed, to resist the water pressure. She is propelled, when on the surface, by a White & Middleton gasoline engine of thirty-horse power. She can also be propelled, while on the bottom, by the same engine, the air supply being obtained through a hose, leading to the surface and supported by a float. She can be propelled along the bottom by an electric motor as well, taking current from a powerful storage battery. A strong search light is located in the bow, capable of lighting up a pathway in front of the craft as she moves along the bed of the ocean. Lenses are also arranged to project a beam of light to either side of the boat, so that objects may be seen in the vicinity of the vessel as she passes along.

Her speed is estimated to be about eight miles an hour on the surface and about five miles on the bottom. She will have fuel carrying capacity for a run of about 3,000 miles. The crew will consist of a captain, an engineer and four divers. It is claimed that one man can handle her if necessary.

ANNEXATION OF HAWAII.

Secretary Sherman's Answer to Japan's Last Note.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 19.—Secretary Sherman has submitted to the Japanese Government an answer to Japan's late note relating to the annexation of Hawaii to the United States. The answer was delivered to Mr. Hoshi, the Japanese Minister, last Saturday. It is in reply to Japan's note of July 10th, which up to that time had not been acknowledged.

Mr. Sherman's answer is marked by a friendly expression toward Japan, which gives special satisfaction in view of the somewhat strained relations resulting from the previous correspondence. Two features are brought out by the answer: It reiterates the position heretofore taken by the Secretary of State as to the right and propriety of annexing Hawaii to the United States. With this, however, is coupled an assurance that the interests of Japan in Hawaii will be fully safeguarded. It also expresses satisfaction at the plan of arbitration between Japan and Hawaii on the question of Japanese immigration to Hawaii.

The answer is largely an elaboration of Mr. Sherman's former letter, and the policies expressed in no way differ from those previously laid down by him.

Minister Hoshi has cabled the substance of the answer to the Tokio government, and the full text of the answer has been forwarded. It will not reach Japan until September 7th, and no action may be taken until the text is before the Japanese foreign office. The Japanese legation is reticent over the dispatch, although there is no effort made to conceal the satisfaction felt over the friendly spirit displayed throughout Mr. Sherman's answer. The attention of the Tokio government has been particularly directed toward these expressions of good will.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Many Buyers—Heavy Trading in Nearly All Departments.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug 19.—There was no change to day in the firm attitude of sellers in both first hands and jobbing markets. In the latter, the continued presence of many buyers induced heavy trading in nearly all departments.

The reports from out-of-town jobbers show that business with them has been quite brisk in spite of the rush to the New York market. In staple cottons the demand for brown goods for domestic is well-sustained, though exports have fallen off, and buying for foreign account is not heavy. Print clothes are firm at 2 5-8 Sales of extras for September delivery to the extent of 30,000 pieces were made yesterday.

TUG DAUNTLESS

Arrived at Savannah Followed by the Cruiser Wilmington.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, August 19.—The famous filibustering tug Dauntless, which has given the Government so much trouble during the past few years, arrived in port last night from Jacksonville. She was followed up by the United States cruiser Wilmington, but got away from her off Dodey, Ga. The captain of the tug notified the officers of the Wilmington that he was coming to Savannah, but the cruiser followed to make sure that he was telling the truth. The owner of the Dauntless claims that the tug will engage in the towing business at this port in connection with the Bristol Tow Boat Company.

IN ILLINOIS THIS TIME.

A Tramp Lynched by Farmers for Assaulting a Woman.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, August 19.—An unknown tramp was lynched by a crowd of infuriated farmers this afternoon near Manheim, a small village west of here. The tramp assaited a woman and beat her in a terrible manner. He then fled but farmers, attracted by the woman's cries, were soon in pursuit and captured the tramp after a short chase. He was immediately strung up to the nearest tree.

Albert Voiers, one of the notorious Lewis gang of murderers, sentenced to be hanged next Tuesday, broke jail at Fayetteville, W. Va. The sheriff and posse are after him. Jerry Brown is condemned to hang with Voiers.

PEOPLE'S PARTY OF IOWA.

MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROAD POPULISTS IN STATE CONVENTION.

Senator Peffer's Address—State Ticket Nominated—Points in the Platform—A Protest from Fusion Populists Refused Consideration.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DES MOINES, IA., August 19.—The middle of the road Populists held a convention here to-day, which was largely attended, about fifty counties being represented. A. W. C. Weeks, of Madison county, presided, A. L. Ricker, of Johnson county, was made temporary chairman.

The feature of the afternoon session was the address by ex-Senator Peffer. He said in part:

"If recent discoveries of fresh gold mines should prove to be as valuable as present appearances indicate, the silver question may soon be wholly eliminated from Republican discussions, except, perhaps, as to those persons whose individual interests are at stake. Silver Republicans want more metallic money and they would probably be satisfied with gold if there is enough of it.

"It is proposed that the Populist party shall do two things—limit the range of our discussions to the silver branch of the money question and ally ourselves with the Democratic party. These are the propositions on which we are divided. I am opposed to both of them. I do not wish to see the People's party in any other existing organization and especially in one too old to be useful. Nor am I willing without warning and protesting, to see it made the foot-ball of politicians and bartered away for spoils. I will be willing to abide by the conclusions of a national conference of delegates duly appointed and accredited, fairly representing all the elements among voters who are opposed to the present gold standard and high tariff regime. But until that can be accomplished the Populist party is good enough for me. The alliance with the Democratic party in 1896 was only for the campaign. Now, though we may not be quite ourselves again and in our right mind, we are free to determine our affairs in our own way as a party and as individual men.

It may be urged that the Democratic party has changed its policy in respect to the coinage ratio. I deny it. The platform utterance is merely declamatory—inserted to catch the Populist vote. The responsible men of the Democratic party have not been and are not now tenacious about the ratio. Its candidate for the Presidency and his associate on the ticket would, as I verily believe, consent to any compromise that would secure the unlimited coinage of silver. No benefit would accrue to anybody but money changers and speculators from increasing the coinage ratio and Populists see no reason why money that is good enough for common people is not equally good for uncommon people.

"There is nothing in the Democratic platform or in that party's policy which is in any way responsive to the pressing demand of the working classes.

"The coinage of silver and an income tax are the only matters on which the Democratic and Populist parties are even approximately in accord. As to all matters which Populists regard as fundamental and as of surpassing importance, we are not only not in accord, but are positively opposed to each other."

The following State ticket was placed in the field: Governor, Charles A. Lloyd; Lieutenant Governor, D. L. Perkins; Judge Supreme Court, J. A. Loneburg; Superintendent Instruction, William Blain; Railroad Commissioner, L. H. Griffith.

A protest signed by J. Belanger, chairman of the Populists who have combined with the Democrats for free silver, was sent to the convention to-day, but was denied consideration.

The protest called upon all Populists to join with the free silver Democrats this year, in an effort to advance one of the theories of the Populists.

The platform adopted reaffirms the St. Louis and Omaha platforms; declares for direct legislation; for a 'sufficient amount of sound and flexible money"; for the issuance of money to State, county, township and municipal governments, the principal to be paid back to the government at 2 per cent per annum without interest, the said money to be a full legal tender.

The Temple amendment is endorsed; the reduction of freight, passenger and express rates, and of salaries of public officers, is demanded, and the deduction of mortgage indebtedness from assessed valuation assured.

RAILROAD FREIGHT RATES.

Meeting of the Board of Control of the Joint Traffic Association.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 19.—The Board of Control of the Joint Traffic Association met to-day to consider the westbound freight rates situation. Westbound rates have not been maintained of late, and the meeting was for the purpose of bringing about a general restoration. The manipulation of freight rates by the Chesapeake & Ohio, Norfolk & Western and other roads was fully canvassed. A committee of three was selected to look after the troubling roads, and were empowered to apply penalties in the case of the failure of the roads to comply with the law. The board of control decided that the action of these roads had caused enough trouble and loss of money, and it is safe to say that the disturbing element will be brought to act harmoniously with the traffic association.

RAILWAY TRAINMEN.

Complaint of the Brotherhood That Right of Free Speech is Denied in Tazewell County, Virginia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., August 19.—Mr. H. R. Fuller, representing the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, was here to-day and presented to the Governor affidavits to the effect that the right of free speech and public assemblage was being denied the striking coal miners in Tazewell county, this State. He asked the Governor to interfere in behalf of the strikers, and the Governor pointed out that under the law he could do nothing unless applied to in due form by the county authorities for aid in maintaining the law. Mr. Fuller left the city to-night for the West.

TICKET SCALPING.

An Injunction Issued in Favor of the Railroads.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., August 19.—In the case of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway versus Geo. P. O'Connell et al.; Louisville & Nashville versus Duckworth et al., and Western & Atlantic Railway versus Duckworth et al., Judge Clark to-day decided for the railroads. The case arose over handling special rate Centennial tickets by the scalpers of Nashville. The roads asked for an injunction to restrain the scalpers from handling the tickets. The court grants a permanent injunction as prayed for.

One of the mortar batteries in the new fort being erected on Sullivan's Island, S. C., was tested yesterday with satisfactory results. The firing was mainly for the purpose of testing the foundations upon which the batteries rest.

THE STRIKING MINERS

DEPUTIES GRADUALLY CLOSING IN ON THE CAMPS.

Both Want the Other To Take the Aggressive, But Both Factions Wary—Women Doing Good Missionary Work—Operators Say Their Mines Will Soon Be In Operation.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PITTSBURG, August 19.—The striking campers at Plum Creek and Turtle Creek marched again to day after the programme arranged in couples 100 feet apart. The deputies formed a line across the road and warned them back as fast as each pair came up. Each side wanted the other to take the aggressive, but both factions were wary and neither advanced beyond a certain point. The strikers then returned to camp, but a few of them later managed to escape the deputies and got among some of the miners in the company, doing considerable missionary work. It was decided to march again to-morrow, but it is doubtful if they will have any better success than they had to-day. The deputies have been gradually closing in on the camps and will continue to do so, it is said, until the men will not be allowed to leave the camp. This would virtually place them under arrest. The women are doing good missionary work, although they did not march as anticipated. They are still making it as uncomfortable for the working miners and deputies as they know how. If the attempt to pass the deputies is successful in the morning, the women will join the ranks on Saturday.

The farmers from the surrounding country contributed large donations of provisions and garden truck to the campers to-day.

The reduction in the camp forces have given a new lease of life to the food supply, and it will last for some days to come in the present state. The number of men now in the two camps is 175.

The officials of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company are jubilant to day, and say if their men are left alone the mines will soon be in full operation. Superintendent DeArmitt would not say how much the output was increased to-day, but it was substantial. Eight cars of lump and slack were mined at Plum Creek and about twelve cars at Turtle Creek.

As a result of Cameron Miller's efforts the Pardoe mines, in the Mercer field, were shut down to-day. They employ over 100 men and have a daily capacity of 250 tons.

A BOY KIDNAPPED.

Abducted by His Uncle—Story of the Recovery and Return of the Child to His Parents.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ALBANY, N. Y., August 19.—Five-year old John Conway, who has been at the mercy of kidnappers since Monday morning, was returned to his parents shortly after 9 o'clock to-day through the efforts of private detectives and reporters in the employ of the *Argus*.

The child was abducted by his uncle, Jos. Hardy and N. G. Blake. Hardy has been placed under arrest, but Blake escaped from his captors and is being pursued by a squad of police.

The story of the recovery of the boy is an exciting one, those in charge of the affair spending three hours in dense woods and fearing each moment a pistol ball. When Blake was induced to show the place where the boy was, a clever scheme was arranged. A police clerk, named Matthew Greagan, put on old clothes and drove the wagon as a hired man. Detective Reilly was his assistant and Police Commissioner Phelan and John F. Farrell, counsel for the *Argus*, sat with Blake. When they had driven out several miles Blake called a halt and said he would find the boy. He disappeared in the woods, followed by Mr. Phelan and Mr. Farrell. They were gone about an hour and when they returned, said they had seen the child guarded by a masked man. Mr. Phelan thought it would be a serious affair. Blake demanded the reward of $3,500 before he would get the child out and then there was a long parley, Greagan, as driver, offering to go to the *Argus* office and get it. While this parley was at its height, Greagan sprang from the wagon and followed by Reilly, pistols in hand, rushed into the place. Gregan called upon Reilly to cover him and then grasped the child and ran for the wagon. Farrell fired several shots. The men, finding that they were beaten, retreated and the child's rescuers drove rapidly down the road to the city. The penalty for the offence is twenty years imprisonment.

FIRE CHIEFS' CONVENTION.

Tests of New Appliances for Fighting Fire—Accident to Assistant Chief Cummings of Atlanta.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., August 19.—The greater part of the third day of the annual convention of the International Association of Fire Chiefs was given over to recreation. Early in the day there were tests of the various new appliances for fighting fires. The apparatus which attracted the most attention was a new underground hydrant with three nozzles. Another was a new device for raising a ladder at any angle desired.

The local committee of arrangements greatly deplore an accident to Assistant Chief Cummings, of Atlanta, Ga., who was assaulted and badly cut by William Barrett, a W. U. Telegraph Company lineman, last evening. Cummings mistook Barrett for a brother chief and slapped him on the shoulder. Barrett resented the familiarity and pummelled the fire-fighter. He was arrested and in the police court this morning was held for trial on a charge of assault.

St. Louis, Peoria, Utica and Reading are in the field for next year's convention, and it is yet anybody's race. Chief Andrew J. Kennedy, of New Haven, will undoubtedly be elected President of the International Association at to-morrow's session. To-day was wholly given up to recreation. The chiefs and friends were treated to a sail on Long Island sound.

LEGION OF HONOR.

Amendments to the By-Laws Adopted—Officers Elected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BUFFALO, August 19.—The Legion of Honor to-day adopted amendments to the by-laws, fixing a rate of assessment for all members and abolishing classes, restricting the assessments to one in any one month, and providing that if this is not sufficient, claims to be paid at the end of the year shall be paid from the reserve fund. These officers were elected:

Commander—F. O. Downes, Boston; Vice Commander, P. F. McGowan, New York; Orator, G. W. Carron, St. Louis; Secretary, Adam Warner, New York; Treasurer, George G. Kendrick, Jr., Philadelphia.

WISE MEN KNOW it is folly to build on a poor foundation. Relief obtained by deadening symptoms is short. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures and gives lasting strength.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25 cents.

THE RISING IN INDIA.

The British Pushing Reinforcements to the Frontier—News More Reassuring.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SIMLA, August 19.—The rapid mobilization of the British troops in India and the activity of the military authorities in pushing forward reinforcements, are regarded as assuring the safety of the Indian frontier, no matter how widespread may be the rising against British rule. The British forces on the border now number over 35,000 men.

The news from the frontier to day is more reassuring. All is quiet at Shabkadr and there are no signs of the Afridis in the Khyber Pass. Up to a late hour last night the Kurrum valley was also quiet.

General Blood has advanced nine miles along the banks of the river in the Swat valley and has not found any signs of the enemy.

The Miangals have submitted to the British authorities.

LONDON, August 20.—A dispatch to the *Times* from Chakdara says that the religious leaders of the tribes in the Upper Swat valley have written to the Government offering complete submission on any terms proposed.

The *Daily Chronicle* publishes this morning an interview with Lord Frederick Roberts, of Kandahar, commander of the forces in India, with reference to the disturbances in the Swat valley and the Indian risings generally. Lord Roberts said: "There is no cause for alarm or anxiety. The movement is wholly fanatical. We have a large body of magnificent troops on the frontier, officered by highly experienced commanders and capable of dealing with any difficulty likely to arise."

TERRIFIC DUST EXPLOSIONS.

Four Lives Lost and Two Persons Seriously Injured at the Davenport Glucose Works.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DAVENPORT, IA., August 19.—The elevator of the Davenport Glucose Works was the scene of terrific dust explosions this morning, as a result of which four lives were lost and two persons seriously injured.

The first first explosion threw down the south wall of the building and a considerable portion of its side walls. The second added horror to the situation by throwing down the fire escape. Three men—Hamm, Rapp and Holm—were in the cupola on the building at the time. Holm escaped to an adjoining roof. The others ran for the fire-escape and were unable to retrace their steps. They were gradually crowded to the edge of the structure, where they stood sixty feet above the anxious crowd of spectators, Rapp soon dropped to the pile of brick and debris beneath him and was killed. Hamm endured his agonizing situation for some time but finally leaped into space and his body was fatally crushed by the fall. Wolff and his daughter lived to be carried to the Mercy hospital. The property loss is small and fully insured.

AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

The Bomb Explosions—Six Armenians Arrested and Will be Executed.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 19.—Six arrests have been made as a result of the bomb explosions here yesterday. All the prisoners are Armenians. All are certain to be executed.

The author of the explosion which took place in the offices of the Grand Vizier is a native of Kaisersh. His hand was injured by the explosion.

The police are actively searching the Armenian quarter for accomplices of the bomb-throwers, and the streets are thoroughly patrolled by troops and police.

WARM WIRELETS

Harvey Deberry, colored, was hanged in the jail yard at Memphis, yesterday, for attempted rape on the person of a 7 year old girl on October 8, 1896.

The Canadian Government and the United States have practically agreed upon co-operation in augmenting the postal facilities for the Klondyke region.

Gen. Nelson A. Miles, of the United States army, was present yesterday at the military manœuvres which took place before Emperor Nicholas and the Empress near St. Petersburg.

W. S. Brand, superintendent of the Georgia railroad, has been indicted by the grand jury of DeKalb county, Ga., for violation of the State law in the running of freight trains on Sunday.

St Louis speculators in wheat are estimated to have cleared upward of $2,000,000 on September options during the recent bulge. Ex-Secretary of the Interior D. R Francis was one of those who preferred to sell and taken profits. His sales in the last three days it is said, have netted him $800,000.

STYLE IN LITERATURE.

It Gives a Flavor of Its Own to Every Sentence an Author Writes.

"Not only is their thought so much better than your average thought, but their language is so much better than your average language," says Droch with reference to standard fiction in The Ladies' Home Journal. "I do not mean," he adds, "simply correctness of speech, but something finer than is called style. Style has been written about very learnedly by learned men. In its highest development it is a very complicated thing. It is the very essence of culture, knowledge and artistic temperament, that gives a flavor of its own to every sentence that an author writes. But without entering into the subtilties of style, it is surely evident to every reader of average intelligence and sensibility that there is a great difference in the manner of telling a story, for instance. It does not require a subtile mind to feel the difference in the telling of Hawthorne's 'Scarlet Letter' and Hugh Conway's 'Called Back.'

"By common consent Hawthorne is acknowledged the best master of style that America has produced. When you have read one of his stories—no matter how dark the crime that he has studied in it—you never feel that he has dragged down your thoughts. It is not only because he is a great moralist in his stories, but because he is a great master of style also. His language is elevated, poetic, fascinating. It makes the appeal to what is fine in your nature rather than to what is gross."

The Cocoanut.

The cocoanut tree is the most useful of all plants in the tropical region. Its seed furnishes food and an intoxicating drink. The shell gives drinking cups and vessels and a hard material, capable of a high polish, from which personal ornaments may be manufactured. The trunk furnishes wood for dwellings and boats. The leaves make clothing, cordage and ropes. The fibers of the bark and of the nut afford matting and carpets. The buds furnish a succulent vegetable, and from the trunk a palatable liquor is drawn by making an incision.

A Severe Test.

"What makes you think that Oldly is an honest man?"

"Because I heard him tell his wife that he staid out all night to play poker."—Detroit Free Press.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

A STORY OF LONGFELLOW.

Mrs. Fields Tells an Interesting Anecdote of the Author.

Speaking of Longfellow, in her volume of literary reminiscences, Mrs. Jane J. Fields says:

"His kindness and love of humor carried him through many a tedious interruption. He generously overlooked the fact of the subterfuges to which men and women resorted in order to get an interview, and, to help them out, made as much of their excuses as possible. Speaking one day of the persons who came to see him at Nahant, he said: 'One man, a perfect stranger, came with an omnibus full of ladies. He descended, introduced himself; then, returning to the omnibus, took out all the ladies, one, two, three, four and five, with a little girl, and brought them in. I entertained them to the best of my ability, and they staid an hour. They had scarcely gone when a forlorn woman in black came up to me on the piazza and asked for a dipper of water. "Certainly," I replied, and went to fetch her a glass. When I brought it, she said: "There is another woman just by the fence who is tired and thirsty. I will carry this to her." But she struck her head as she passed through the window and spilled the water on the piazza. "Oh, what have I done!" she said. "If I had a floor cloth, I would wipe it up." "Oh, no matter about the water," I said, "if you have not hurt yourself." Then I went and brought more water for them both and sent them on their way refreshed and rejoicing.'

"It would be both an endless and unprofitable task to recall more of the curious experiences which popularity brought down upon him. There is a passage among Mr. Fields' notes, however, in which he describes an incident during Longfellow's last visit to England which should not be overlooked. Upon his arrival the queen sent a graceful message and invited him to Windsor castle, where she received him with all the honors, but he told me no foreign tribute touched him deeper than the words of an English hod carrier who came up to the carriage door at Harrow and asked permission to take the hand of the man who had written the 'Voices of the Night.'"

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, LOST and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

A Fine variety of Candies and Fruits always on hand at A. S. Winstead's, 115 North Second street. For Cooking Apples, Pears and Peaches see him. au 19 tf

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Money to lend on approved city property. J. H. Gore, Jr., Lawyer, room 8, Smith building, Princess street. au 17 1m

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Just as well have the best when you can get it as cheap as you can inferior grades. Our Teas and Coffees are the Best. Atlantic Tea Company, northeast corner Front and Market. au 15 tf

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Agents Wanted—Live men everywhere to sell two'e valuable, indispensable household articles. Send 26 cents in stamps for complete sample outfit and full particulars to C. W. Peters, 23 S. Tryon street, Charlotte, N. C. au 15 1w

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Ship your Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, Sheep and all kinds Produce to M. C. Benson, No. 5 South Water street, for best prices and prompt returns. au 8 tf

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Can be found at 13 Market street, J. J. Shepard, Proprietor. By to-day's steamer 100 Ladies' Wrappers, nice goods, black and colors. Mosquito Nets and Canopies, Piano Covers, Table Covers, White Ducks, Lawns, &c., at bargains. Come quick. au 8 tf

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Wanted—High-grade man of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $900 if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, Genera Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

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Wanted—High-grade woman of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $900 if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped env lope to A. T. Elder, Genera Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

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Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 98. mar 13 tf

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Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House au1

Johnson & Fore,

No. 111 Market Street.

Contemplating a change in their business are offering their

Entire Elegant Stock

—OF—

DryGoods

Millinery, &c., at

ACTUAL COST

For Cash.

You can't afford to miss such an opportunity to secure

Great Bargains.

No samples given. No goods sent on approval. au 1 tf

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FOR T N DAYS ONLY.

25 Per Cent Off.

40c	quality	will	be	30c
50c	"	"	"	37½c.
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$1.00	"	"	"	75c.
1 50	"	"	"	$1 12½.
2 00	"	"	"	1 50.

Remember 10 Days Only

And many other Bargains at

J. H. REHDER & CO.'S,

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Bell Phone 118. Inter-State 218.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up. au 8 tf

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Hotel Townsend,

RED SPRINGS, N. C.

GREAT REDUCTION IN RATES FOR three months from August 15th; $7.00 per week or $25 00 by the month.

The wonderful waters from the Springs are unsurpassed for kidney and stomach troubles.

Hunting reserve has been secured for over 10,000 acres of fine hunting lands near here. For further information address L. A. LYON, Prop

or H. E. THOMPSON, M'g'r, Red Springs, N. C. au 19 Dim W2w

Claremont Summer Resort,

HICKORY, N C.

The location is a noted health resort; chalybeate water; cool nights with mountain breeze; altitude 1200; elegant three-story brick building; twenty acre yard covered with native forest trees; a delightful resort with pure mountain air and water. Rates reasonable. Write for particulars.

S. P. HATTON, Proprietor.

je 29 28t

A Palace in the Mountains.

"For beauty of architecture and clearance of equipment 'The Alleghany,' at Goshen Bridge, Va., has not a rival among the summer resort hotels of America. Located in the heart of the Alleganies, where the climate is always cool and invigorating, amidst scenery of wondrous beauty, its advantages as a summer home are unequaled."

Sulphur, Alum and Chalybeate Waters.

je 12 2m J. C. S. TIMBERLAKE.

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47 TEACHERS, 413 STUDENTS, (SUMMER School 158), total 549, Board $8.00 a month, three Brief Courses, three Full Courses, Law and Medical Schools and School of Pharmacy. Graduate Courses open to Women. Summer School for Teachers, Scholarships and Loans for the Needy.

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For all Other Students, ... 123.00

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Two houses, four rooms each, on Eighth between Church and Castle streets. Good water and plenty of yard room.

au 1 tf D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.

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Still Leads All Others. No Doubt About This.

If you want a Cotton Gin this season place your orders at once or you may be delayed.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO., Agents,

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Stencil Cutting.

We Make a Specialty of All Kinds of

TIN AND COPPER STENCILS

—FOR—

Marking Cotton,

Packing Cases,

Barrels, &c.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO

jy 23 tf

FACTS!

We Copy From the "Dry Goods Chronicle" of July 24th, the Following

High Prices for Carpets.

"And talking of carpets and carpet people, are you fully aware of whae the new tariff means to the carpet buyer? Under the McKinley bill the price of carpets was 10 cents higher than they are to-day, and the new duty, as provided by the Dingley bill, on raw materials that enter into the manufacture of carpets is higher than under the McKinley bill. Naturally prices have to go up. Present prices can last only until the present stock of raw material is exhausted. The stock of carpet wool on hand is very light. The wise buyer will place his order without delay. Carpets will never be so cheap again in the next three years."

"High Prices for All Woollen Goods."

"Nothing in the future can be more absolutely assured than higher prices for Woollen goods, and though it may be unduly delayed by trade conditions, there can be no mistake made in purchases on the present basis of values."

We have LADIES, CHILDREN'S and GENTLEMEN'S WOOLLEN UNDERWEAR at last year's prices, and we believe it will be to your advantage to buy your winter supply now.

We purchased during last Spring $5,000 worth of CARPETS, and offer them until the 1st of September at last year's prices.

We have a few BLANKETS which it will pay you to examine.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

au 1 tf

Statement of The National Bank of Wilmington,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Condensed from Report to the Comptroller.

FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1897.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$281,344 24	Capital Stock	$100,000 00
Bank Building	23,000 00	Surplus	11,500 00
Recempt on Fund with U. S. Treasurer	2 2'0 00	Undivided Profits	1,013 68
U. S. Bonds	10,000 00	Dividends Unpaid	330 00
Premium on U. S. Bonds	5,437 50	Circulation	45,000 00
Stocks, Securities, etc.	4,998 60	Deposits	372,822 48
Over Drafts	82 14		
Due from Banks	34,479 14		
Cash and Reserve	128,597 15		
	$530,068 17		$530,068 17

No Interest Paid on Deposits. Loans Made at the Lowest Rates on Approved Security. Collections a Specialty, and Remitted for Promptly at Lowest Rates

JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, jy 28 tf PRESIDENT. F. R. HAWES, CASHIER.

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Free storage to October 1st. Special attention to mail orders,

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J. L. HILL

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Containing a general business and street directory.

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